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Parsons Job / WBS: 736223 / 00100



Final Report

GEMSET Regional Segmentation Analysis:

Characterization of the New York State Region

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Characterizing the NYISO Region

Key Services

- Characterize current NYISO day-ahead electric sale prices, and potential retrun to generating unit owners from operation within NYISO
- Estimate NYISO demand growth, the existing units in NYISO, and the generating units in the queue for construction to meet demand growth
- Evaluate the fuel price history and prospects for the NYISO region
- Provide the historical base of information needed to evaluate the economic merits of new generation projects for consideration in NYISO

Study Region

New York State

Client

U.S. Department of Energy National Energy Technology Laboratory

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Project Description

Electric Power Market Condition Evaluation in a Competitive Electric Market Region

The NYISO serves the electric market in the state of New York, and includes one of the most densely populated urban areas in the United States, the New York City metropolitan area. New York State encompasses 7% of all U.S. households. Parsons evaluated the competitive market conditions that exist in the NYISO region. Some features of this study include the following:

- Day-ahead prices and demand were characterized hour-by-hour.
- A data base is developed that characterizes NYISO hour-by-hour price and load demand that allows ease of evaluation of the potential return to units having different production costs.
- Fuel prices within the region were assessed and projected for future evaluations.
- The units operting in the region are identified.
- The future expectation of NYISO for demand growth, and the queue of units that might meet that demand growth identified.



Key project team members:

- Richard E. Weinstein, P.E.
- Albert A. Herman, Jr.
- Francis J. Carey

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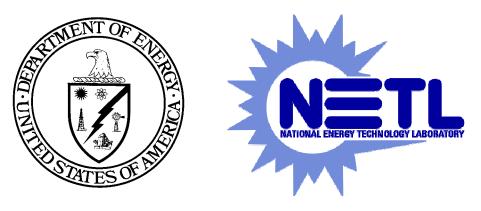
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 $PI\&T = Parsons \ Infrastructure \ \& \ Technology \ Group \ Inc.$

Abbreviations and Acronyms

| <u>Term</u> | Meaning | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|--|
| AGC | AGCautomatic generation control | | |
| AVR | automatic voltage regulator | | |
| BME | balancing market evaluation | | |
| CARL DATA | control area resource and load data submitted by Control Area Resources to the ISO | | |
| COE (meaning 1) | in economic sections: the cost of electricity, the levelized busbar cost of electric production including amortized capital, operating, and maintenance costs | | |
| combustion turbine, CT | a synonym for gas turbine, used interchangeably | | |
| DAM | day ahead market | | |
| DOE | United States Department of Energy | | |
| DMNC | dependable maximum net capability | | |
| DNI | desired net interchange | | |
| EFORd | demand equivalent forced outage rate | | |
| eGADS | electronic generator availability data system; an electronic data system allowing the posting of data regarding a generating unit's availability record | | |
| EIA | the Energy Information Administration of the DOE | | |
| EPRI | RIthe Electric Power Research Institute | | |
| EPA | U.S. Environmental Protection Agency | | |
| FERC | Federal Energy Regulatory Commission | | |
| FGD | flue gas desulfurization, a sulfur emission control device | | |
| GADS | generator availability data system; see "eGADS" | | |
| gas turbine, GT | a synonym for combustion turbine, used interchangeably | | |
| GEMSET | government energy market segment evaluation tool | | |
| GNPgross national product | | | |
| GT | gas turbine (a synonym for combustion turbine) | | |
| GTCC | natural gas fueled gas turbine combined cycle | | |
| HHV | higher heating value of a fuel including the heat released if all of the water vapor in the combustion products were condensed | | |
| HAM | hour ahead market | | |

| IPP | an independent power producer, an unregulated electric generating |
|-------|--|
| | company |
| IRM | installed reserve margin |
| IRP | |
| | independent system operator; a regulated body that dispatches all competitive electric generation on the high voltage transmission grid within its service region; they operate the grind, administer the power pools power transfers, select the lower cost generation bid into the pool according to the pool's operating rules, and maintains the integrity of the electric transmission grid |
| | locational-based marginal pricing |
| LCC | |
| LHV | lower heating value of a fuel, the heat released if all of the water vapor in the combustion products remained as steam |
| LOC | |
| MCR | maximum continuous rating |
| MVA | megavolt amperes |
| | megavolt-ampere-reactive |
| MWe | electrical megawatts |
| MWth | thermal megawatts |
| NETL | the U.S. Department of Energy's National Energy Technology |
| NOPR | notice of proposed rulemaking |
| NOx | nitrogen oxides, types of air pollutant, mainly NO and NO ₂ |
| | non-utility generator, a competitive, unregulated independent electric power producer |
| NYCA | New York Control Area |
| NYISO | the New York State independent system operator |
| NYSRC | New York State Reliability Council |
| OATT | open access transmission tariff |
| OTAG | Ozone Transport Assessment Group |
| OTR | Northeast Ozone Transport Region |
| , | Parsons Infrastructure & Technology Group Inc., a global business unit of Parsons Corporation, an engineering/construction company; part of the DOE team that prepared this report |
| PCD | particulate emission control device |
| P.E | licensed professional engineer |
| | New York Independent System Operator. |
| PSC | local state Public Service Commission |

| RACT | reasonably available control technology (pollution control) |
|------|---|
| RMCP | regulation market clearing price |
| RTO | regional transmission owner |
| SCD | security constrained dispatch |
| SCUC | security constrained utility commitment |
| SRE | supplemental resources evaluation |
| SOx | sulfur oxides, types of air pollutant, mainly SO ₂ |
| TCC | Transmission Congestion Contracts |
| VAR | volt-ampere-reactive |

1. Summary

The New York Independent System Operator (NYISO) is an outgrowth of the New York Power Pool (NYPP). The NYPP had been the operating arm of New York's eight largest utilities. NYISO facilitates fair and open competition in the wholesale power market and creates and electricity commodity market. It enables the State's utilities, and other market participants, to offer electricity at competitive prices while maintaining a reliable and safe electric transmission system. Established on December 1, 1999, NYISO, today handles the dispatch of over 37,000 megawatts of electric capacity, controlling the generation of over 700 operational electric generating units serving areas located throughout New York State. As of July, 2001 there were 101 generating projects seeking approval for interconnection with the state's transmission system which could ultimately add 38,551 MW of electric generation capacity.

This is a report about how electric power is sold in the region. It describes the competitive electric market in NYISO's territory. The report discusses the responsibilities of NYISO, which is New York State's independent system operator (ISO). As ISO, NYISO is responsible for the State's electric integrity, unit dispatch and reliability, and administering the pricing mechanisms for delivery of all power.

With the implementation of the "ISO Market Administration and Control Area Services Tariff" on December 1, 1999, NYISO began operating the New York State power system as a bid-based energy market. NYISO enables participants to buy and sell energy, schedule bilateral electric sale transactions, and reserve transmission service. It provides the accounting and billing services for these transactions.

This report describes how NYISO operates now, and includes NYISO's conjecture about how load might grow and be met by planned construction. The NYISO filed information on July 1, 2000 with the Energy Planning Board indicating that in-State capacity and known purchases from neighboring electric systems would be sufficient to meet the 18% capacity reserve through the end of the year 2000. However load growth during the year exceeded the high range estimates. The latest estimates indicated the State will be unable to meet the installed capacity reserve requirements as soon as the Summer of 2001, and steps have been taken to install over 400 MW's of diesels and small generators in the New York City area

The transmission system in the state includes more than 10,700 miles of high voltage (generally in excess of 115,000 volts) lines of which 600 miles are underground.

This report is one of a series describing the market conditions that exist, and that are forecast as part of the Department of Energy's (DOE) government energy market segment evaluation tool (GEMSET) project. Others in the series describe other regions.

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1-1

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GEMSET forecasts for the NYISO and other areas will be presented in future reports in the series. Future reports on the NYISO will be issued where the GEMSET evaluation team makes reasoned conjecture of what might occur in the electric power market in this region in the future under a range of possible future energy price and economic circumstances.

Based on an hour by hour evaluation of the fiscal year through June 2001, the average locational-based marginal pricing (LBMP) customer price of electricity in the New York region was \$ 42.91/MWh. However, this average price does not indicate all of the important circumstances for competitive electric sales. There were also five peak periods in the year, where the market price peaked above \$ 100/MWh. While these few brief excursions in peak price represent a relatively small fraction of the year, these same price peaks sometimes result in very significant financial aspects to energy suppliers and consumers.

This report includes the following discussions:

- Section 2 describes the NYISO region.
- Section 3 describes the energy prices throughout the most recent year, with histograms that characterize the price duration persistence in the region. This is the region's historical demand and price data, with information about energy prices, generation mix, and baseload and peaking demand.
- Section 4 discusses the specifics of the NYISO operations.
- Section 5 presents the identified generation in the NYISO by the GEMSET Team.
- Section 6 discussed adding generation capacity in the NYISO. The NYISO is required to provide open access to its transmission grid by FERC Order 888. While any qualified company can add generation, the process is not automatic. Rather, a sequence of approvals is needed before new generation can be added. NYISO's procedures for this approval are summarized in Section 6.
- Section 7 gives NYISO's forecasts and projections on demand growth, and on the capacity additions that are committed in the region. Other reports in this GEMSET series then analyze these NYISO forecasts, and assess them in the context of several future scenarios of factors influencing demand, generation mix, and price. Finally, this Section presents the historical and projected fuel prices in the NYISO region based on the GEMSET fuel characterization.

These data are dynamic, and what is reported here represents only a "snapshot" of information that existed a month prior to this report's issue date, September, 2001. Periodically, the NYISO region will be revisited, and this report revised as time moves on.

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1-2
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1.1 The Other GEMSET Regions

This is one of twelve regional assessments. The GEMSET regional characterizations generally follow the U.S. portions of the North American Reliablity Council (NERC) regions, excepting the Alaska Systems Coordinating Council (ASCC) and Hawaii, which are not modeled. Two of the NERC regions are broken into parts, to seperate out California and New York. The twelve GEMSET regions, and their associated NERC region are as shown in Exhibit 1-1.

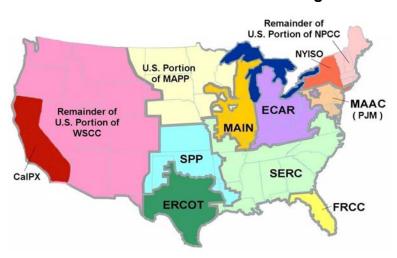


Exhibit 1-1 The GEMSET Regions

The twelve GEMSET regions are:

- CALPX The California Power Exchange, a portion of the NERC's Western Systems Coordinating Council (WSCC).
- <u>East Central</u> East Central Area Reliability Coordination Agreement (ECAR).
- Florida Florida Reliability Coordinating Council (FRCC).
- Mid-America Mid-America Interconnected Network (MAIN).
- Mid-Continent the U.S. portion of the Mid-Continent Area Power Pool (MAPP).
- Northeast the U.S. portion of NERC's Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC), excluding New York

- NYISO The New York ISO, a portion of NERC's Northeast Power Coordinating Council (NPCC).
- PJM the Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Maryland Interconnect, which comprises the NERC's Mid Atlantic Area Council (MAAC).
- <u>Southeast</u> Southeast Electric Reliability Council (SERC).
- <u>Southwest</u> Southwest Power Pool (SPP).
- <u>Texas</u> Electric Reliability Council of Texas (ERCOT).
- Western the U.S. portion of the NERC's Western Systems Coordinating Council (WSCC), excluding California.

The reader should check with the DOE project manager, Patricia Rawls, to see if there is a more recent issue of this report, or to discuss any related information that might be available about the region or these other regions, or about the GEMSET project data.

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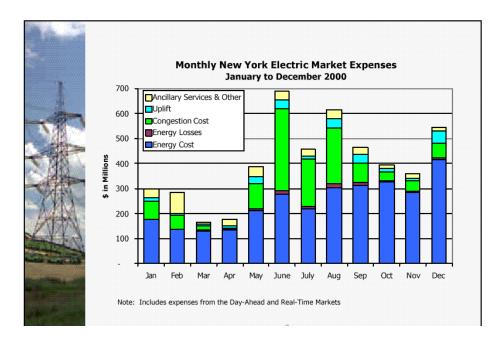
You are reading Revision 3 of this report, issued in September 2001.

2. NYISO Region

This section discusses the New York State regional segmentation used in the DOE GEMSET market analysis model. This region is served by a single ISO. This Power Exchange and its ISO (NYISO) is representative of a competitive market situation. It is significantly different from a regulated utility scenario where new generation options are approved by a commission or regulatory body. Under a competitive market, new generation is at more of a risk than a regulated market. New generation here is met by investors seeking profit due to sale price opportunities, and their perception of persistence of electric sales price in the region remaining sufficiently above their production costs to prove profitable.

In the NYISO region, most of the electric sales are pre-arranged by bilateral agreements, with the rest sold on the day-ahead or hour-ahead markets, which provide the market signals that guide and limit the value of the private bilateral sales. More than 95% of the Market Expenses are settled through the day-ahead market (DAM). The cost of the electricity is composed of expenses which include: energy cost, energy losses, congestion costs, uplift, and ancillary and other services. For the year 2000 these costs in the NYISO are summarized in Exhibit 2-1 providing the relative composition on a monthly basis.

Exhibit 2-1
Monthly NY Electric Market Expenses



Within the NYISO region there are currently more than 700 operational electric generating units representing approximately 37,000 megawatts of summer capacity. Also there are certain electrical municipal utilities and corporations within the state that have additional generation capabilities that add to this. As of July, 2001 there were 101 generation projects seeking approval for interconnection that if approved could ultimately add another 38,000 megawatts.

The transmission system in the NYISO region includes more than 10,700 miles of high voltage (generally in excess of 115,000 volts) lines of which 600 miles are underground. At times the electrical requirement and generation over these lines interact to impede the flow of power resulting in a condition termed "congestion." This condition is a prominent feature of the New York power system. The congestion levels divide the state into 11 transmission zones as detailed in this report in Exhibit 2-2. There are eight transmission owners in the state. These include six investor-owned utilities and two power authorities which are listed in Section 2-2 below. To avoid overloading, the NYISO at times has to deviate from the least expensive (bid price) resources and re-dispatch to assure no transmission constraints are violated. Also the DAM prices cannot be completely locked in due to the actual cost of transmission congestion. This variable represents a risk to the bidders in the DAM. To remove this risk, TCC (Transmission Congestion Contracts) provide a market to pay a fixed price for transmission service ahead of time. Transmission Operators sell or auction transmssion rights via TCC's to the Load Serving Entities (LSE). This removes the risk as long as the bidders perform consistent with their bids

2.1 The Independent System Operator: NYISO Interconnection

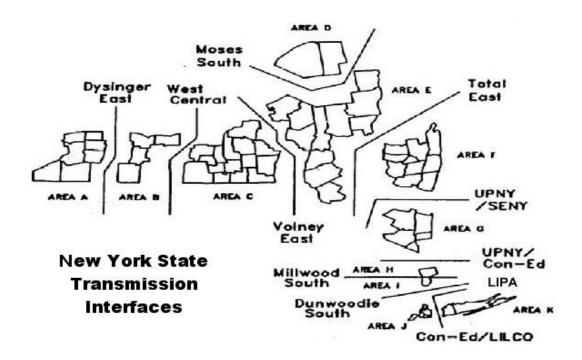
New York State's electric power is dispatched competitively. The independent system operator (ISO) for this region is NYISO. In addition to generation provided by the local distribution company, which had generation resources, and bilateral agreements for generation between a supplier and a generator.

2.2 Territory

NYISO Interconnection is responsible for the day-to-day operation of the New York State electric system. The NYISO service area includes all of New York State, Exhibit 2-2.

Exhibit 2-2 The NYISO Region

NYCA Zones



The NYISO is governed by a ten-person Board of Directors (none of whom are affiliated with any market participant). The Board has the ultimate responsibility for the ISO and the effective implementation of the ISO's basic responsibilities. New York State Reliability Council and the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) have jurisdiction within the NYISO control area. The NYISO conducts transmission operation and planning activities in coordination with the seven transmission owners and two transmission operators in New York State, which are:

- Transmission Owners
 - Central Hudson Gas & Electric
 - Consolidated Edison Company of New York, Inc.
 - Key Span Electric Services, LLC
 - New York State Electric & Gas Corporation
 - Niagara Mohawk Power Corporation

- Orange and Rockland Utilities, Inc.
- ◆ Rochester Gas and Electric Corporation
- Transmission Operators
 - Long Island Power Authority
 - New York Power Authority

2.3 NYISO's Responsibilities

All ISOs have the principal responsibility for the safe and reliable operation of the transmission system. Even though electric generation is competitive within a region, an ISO is not competitive. An ISO operates as a monopoly, and correctly so. An ISO controls all of the generation within a region, operating for the public good, means an ISO is a regulated entity. As regulated entities, they are charged with ensuring the fair and reliable supply of energy from generating resources to wholesale customers.

Since the NYISO region is a competitive electric market, NYISO also is charged with administering the competitive wholesale energy market for the region, and, under the provisions of FERC Order 888, with facilitating open and fair access to transmission.

Each year the NYISO conducts a "Locational Installed Capacity Study" to determine locational installed capacity requirements for the New York Control Area. A locational ICAP (Installed Capacity Requirement) establishes the minimum amount of capacity that must be located within a given area. This minimum amount of capacity is developed considering the local generation and import capability. It is based on meeting the reliability criterion of the Northeast Power Council (NPCC) requiring NYCA loss of Load Expectation (LOLE) not to exceed one day in ten years. The study covering the 2000-2001 capability year established that only New York City and the Long Island localities in the NYCA require an ICAP which were 80% and 107% of their peak load respectively.

3. Historical Data

This section describes how NYISO now operates. These data represent the latest available data as of August 2001, when this section was last revised.

3.1 Generation Mix

The installed capacity of NYISO decreased by 1 MW from 1999 to 2000. NYISO summer net installed capacity was 35,097.6 MW and the winter net installed capacity was 36,649.8 MW as of January 1, 2000

The installed capacity in the region by fuel and plant type is summarized in the Exhibits below. A complete listing of all identified operating units in NYISO is provided in Section 5, later in this report.

Exhibit 3-1
NYISO Installed Capacity by Fuel Type in 1998

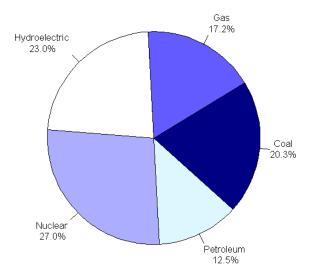


Exhibit 3-2
NYISO Installed Generating Capacity by Plant Type in 1998

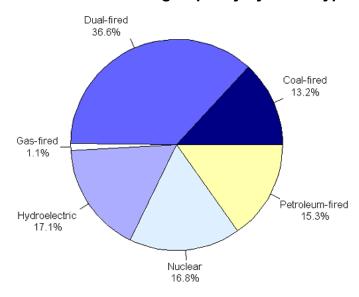
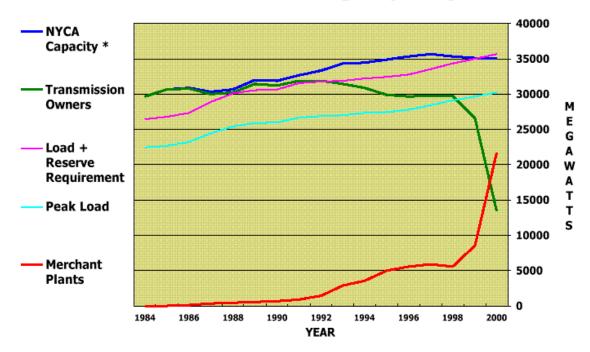


Exhibit 3-3
Generating Units by Ownership

NYCA Generating Capacity



^{*} Does not include Special Case Resources

3.2 Demand

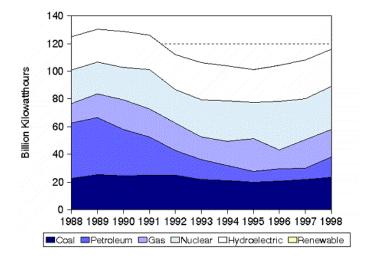
The NYISO 2000 peak load of 28,114 MW was set in August of 2000, and is the peak for the year ending June 2001. The peak data for the years 1996 through 2001 are shown in Exhibit 3-4.

Exhibit 3-4
Summer Peak Load Comparisons 1996-2000

| 1996 | 25,585 MW |
|------|-----------|
| 1997 | 28,700 MW |
| 1998 | 28,160 MW |
| 1999 | 30,311 MW |
| 2000 | 28,138 MW |
| 2001 | 28,114 MW |

A comparison of the mix of the primary energy sources for generation is shown in Exhibit 3-5 below covering the years 1988 through 1998.

Exhibit 3-5
Capacity By Type 1988 through 1998



3.2.1 Baseload

As shown by the data listing the various units, there is almost 10,000 MW of nuclear and coal-fired generation on the NYISO system, and over 6,000 MW of hydro and fuels other than gas

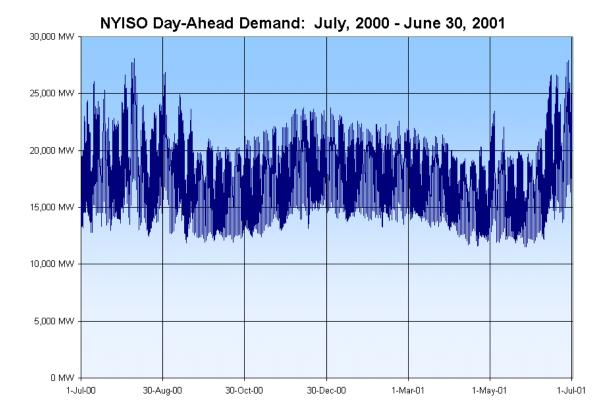
and oil. Given that the minimum load on the system is about 11,000 MW and the typical daily requirement for baseload power will range around 18,000 MW, and should be covered by hydroelectric, nuclear and coal generation. In fact, during the last year, 50 percent of the hours are below the total generation of the three types of base load generation.

3.2.2 Peaking

The New York Control Area is projected to remain a summer peaking system with an annual peak demand growth rate of 0.9% in the near term (2000 – 2004). The NYISO forecasts for the Capability Year commencing May 1, 2001 is 30,620 MW which, with the required Installed Reserve Margin (IRM) of 18%, develops an Installed Capacity (ICAP) of 36,132 MW. With a projected in state installed capacity of 36,044 MW for June 2001 there is a short fall of 88 MW to be covered by import. On a locational basis, all areas except New York City and Long Island have a good ratio of installed capacity plus import capability to load. These two areas need consideration regarding the NPCC (Northeast Power Coordinating Council) Loss of load expectation (LOLE) criteria of one day in ten years. With expected conditions, New York City will meet the criteria for 2001 but will require additional resources in 2002, unless load growth abates. To comply with the LOLE the present ICAP of 107% of Peak Load for Long Island was reduced to 98%.

For the last 12 months, Exhibit 3-6 shows the hourly demands for the period July 2000 through June 2001.

Exhibit 3-6 Hourly Demands



As shown, there are periods of peaks in the summer months, followed by relatively stable periods of daily spikes at reasonable levels during the other months of the year.

3.3 Price Duration

The curves that follow show the average hourly day-ahead prices of the NYISO Zone, that is, the average prices posted for every hour over the period from July 2000 through June 2001. These data are posted by NYISO, from their Internet file transfer protocol web site:

http://mis.nyiso.com/public/P-2Alist.htm

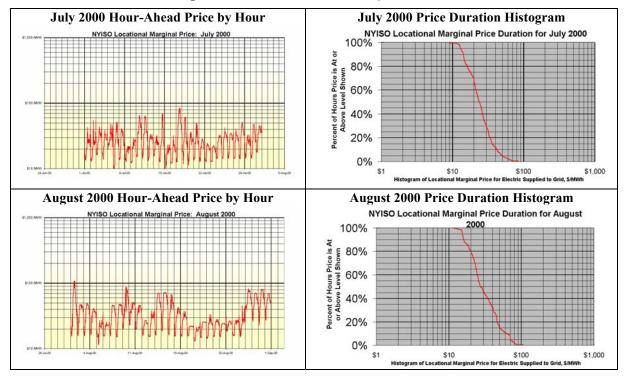
These data are listed on an hour-by-hour basis. The GEMSET team collected these data, then sorted them into a price duration histogram for each month. The data for an entire year's span was then developed. The results of this assessment are presented in the subsections that follow.

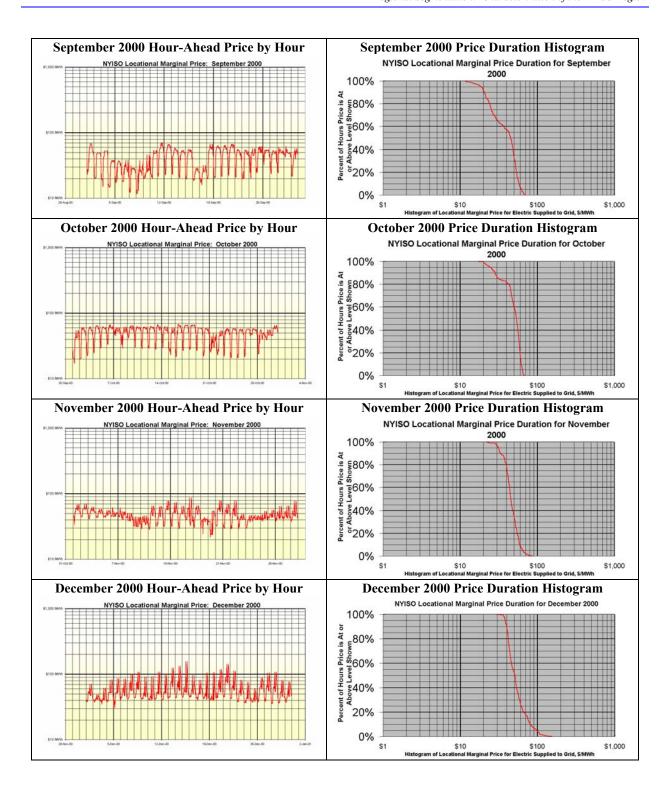
3-13

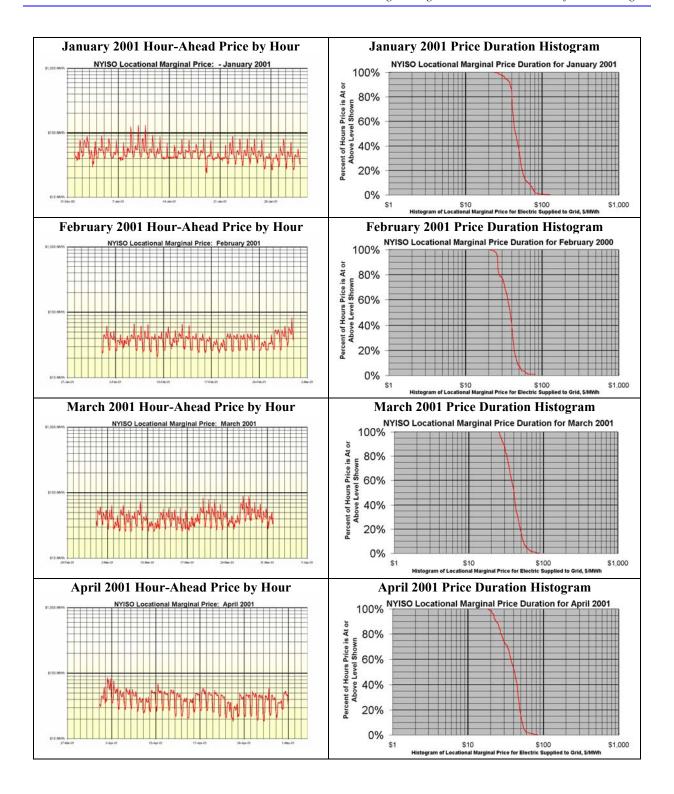
3.3.1 By Month

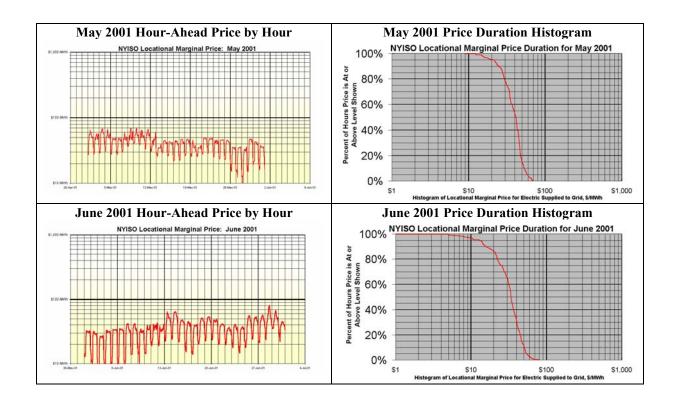
The GEMSET team took NYISO Interconnection hour-ahead locational based marginal price data from their Internet web site, and developed price duration curves for NYISO. These were for the NYISO Zone, which averages the prices at all of the hubs. Exhibit 3-7 below shows the month-by-month data for a one-year period.

Exhibit 3-7
Monthly Hour-by-Hour NYISO Day-Ahead Market Prices, and Price Duration
Histograms - October 1999-September 2000









3.3.2 Characterization of One-Year's Data

A composite of the month-by-month data was assembled that gives one year's worth of data. This is shown in an annual price duration curve, Exhibit 3-9NYISO Price Duration Histogram July 2000 – June 2001. Exhibit 3-8 shows the price demand profile for this one-year period. The increase in electric prices have been primarily attributable to:

- Significant increases in natural gas and oil prices.
- The outage of one gigawatt of nuclear capacity in Eastern New York at the Indian Point 2 Power Plant.
- Other major factors contributing include 500 MW derating of the PJM interface and under-utilization of the New England interface.

In Exhibit 3-10, the graph depicts the most recent one-year of prices for NYISO and their relationship to the demands in the region.

3-17

Exhibit 3-8 Hourly Prices for the Most Recent 1-Year Period

NYISO Locational Marginal Price: July 1, 2000 - June 30, 2001

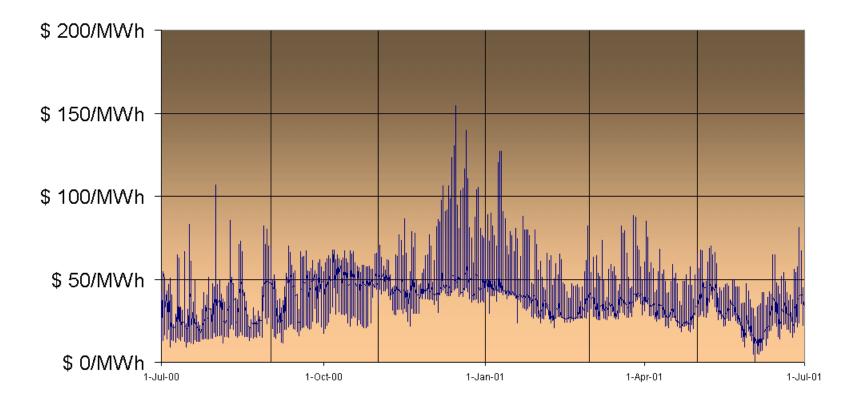
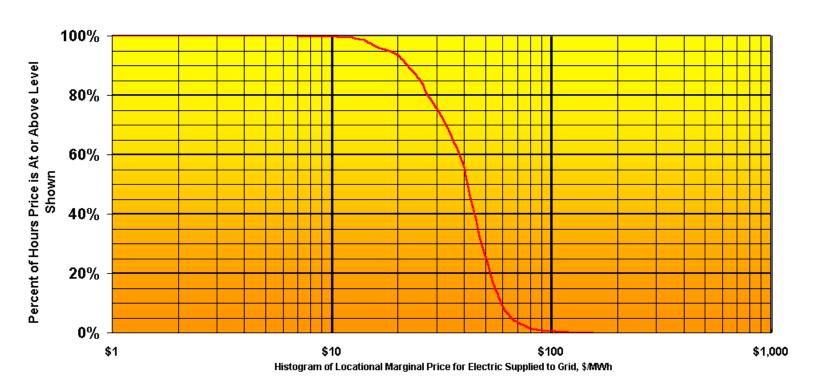


Exhibit 3-9NYISO Price Duration Histogram July 2000 - June 2001

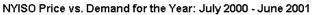
NYISO Locational Marginal Price

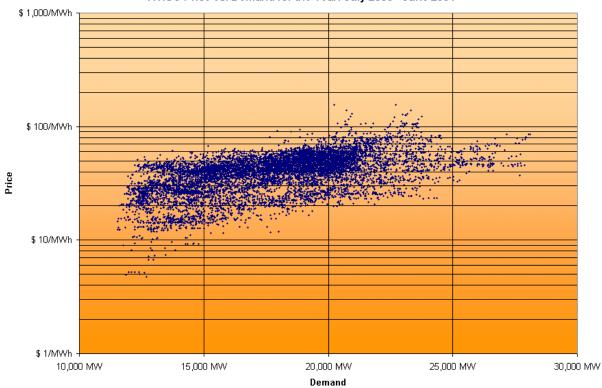
July 2000-June 2001



3-19

Exhibit 3-10 Price vs. Demand Profile





4. Specifics of NYISO Market Operations

The NYISO market is comprised of a number of processes designed to meet the ISO's responsibility of an efficient reliable electric supply. These Processes include a seasonal planning process, a week ahead operation, a day ahead operation, an hour ahead operation and finally real-time operation. These processes are summarized in Exhibit 4-1 showing the NYISO market process.

NYISO: Market Processes DAY-HOUR-SEASONAL WEEK REAL-AHEAD AHEAD AHEAD Installed ISO Multi-Day Security Capacity Balancing onstrained Reliability Market Constrain Unit Reviews Evaluation Dispatch (Bilateral or ISO (BME) (Start long (SCD) (SCUC) ad startup Centralized) units)

Exhibit 4-1
NYISO MARKET PROCESSES SUMMARY

4.1.1 Seasonal Planning Process

The first step in the annual planning process has the Load Serving Entities (LSE's) forecast their peak load requirement for the year and this is translated into an ICAP requirement for each of them. The LSE must demonstrate that is owns or has title to sufficient capacity to meet its yearly obligation. The capacity can be met through ownership, bilateral contracts, or through an auction facilitated by the NYISO. Installed Capacity providers are required to schedule bilateral transactions or submit bids to serve the NYCA load into the NYISO's Day Ahead Market (DAM).

4.1.2 Week Ahead Operation

Bid data sufficient for seven days of operation is requested by the NYISO. Only commitments for the next day are financially binding and the remainder of the bids are examined for security

purposes. By confirming the capacity available for the next six days the NYISO determines whether it needs to take additional action. If a shortfall is predicted from the six days of data, the NYISO can:

- Notify the market relative to the shortage
- Purchase additional reserves
- Select a long lead startup unit (one requiring more than 24 hours to start and synchronize to the power system) to place into service

This insures that there will always be enough resources to solve a viable day-ahead commitment.

4.1.3 Day-Ahead Operation

The Day Ahead unit commitment process is designed to secure the power capability for the next 24 hours. The process uses a software package that provides a combination of economics and security in establishing the winning bid selection in the DAM. This software known as Security Constrained Unit Commitment (SCUC) accounts for both transmission limitations and bottlenecks on the system.

4.1.4 Hour Ahead Operation

The NYISO dispatchers use a Balancing Market Evaluation (BME) tool to evaluate proposed schedule modifications and additional bids submitted by the market 90 minutes in advance of the hour in question. Logic identical to that used by the SCUC facilitates the HAM (hour ahead market) or BME process. It is differentiate from the SCUC by:

- 3 hour optimization in place of 24 hours
- load forecast updated for current conditions
- network configuration that reflects current conditions

The results of the BME are advisory and if additional capacity not committed in the DAM is required then minimum run and startup guarantees are given to additional units. The BME is assures that sufficient resources are there in real time.

In the event of a system disturbance or a significant outage in the hour, the NYISO has a supplemental commitment processes to make corrections that can not wait until the next BME.

4.1.5 Real time Operation

The Security Constrained Dispatch (SCD) is the core of the real-time operation. It adjusts the system automatically (without excessive human intervention or judgement) to match real time constraints. The operations in the preceding paragraphs assure that sufficient dispatchable resources are available.

Parameters extracted from the SCD results are used to calculate LBMP's for the real time markets. Market participants will make settlements with the ISO based on real-time prices for differences between real-time operation and that scheduled day-ahead. The process by which these market settlements are determined are summarized in Exhibit 4-2 summarizing the process from bidding through Settlement and Billing.

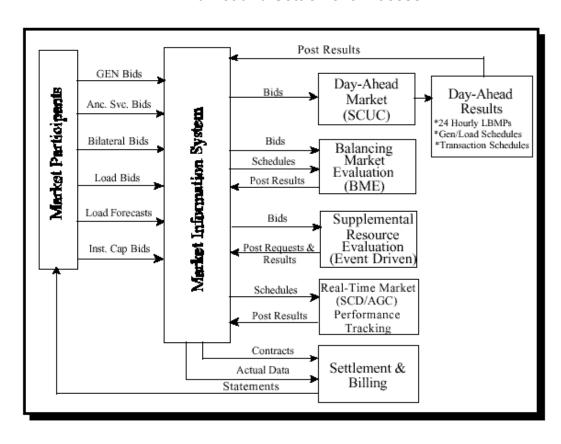


Exhibit 4-2
Market and Settlement Process

4.1.6 Market Time Line

Energy and other related services are offered through a competitive bidding process which is administered and facilitated by the NYISO. Alsthough bids can be enetered at any time up to 15 days in advance the DAM and HAM have specific closing times. The following Exhibit 4-3 outlines the time line of events for the above market operations.

0000 D-1 Day-Ahead Bidding Closes 0500 0800 NYS Load Forecast Posted on OASIS 1100 LSE Load Forecasts Verified 1100 Day-Ahead Schedules Posted on Bid/Post System 0000 Ð Hour-Ahead Bidding Closes H-2 90 minutes BME Results Posted SCD (5-Minute Periodicity) 30 minutes 7 Day AGC (6-Second Periodicity) Forecast Period 0000 D+1 D ∞ Dispatch Day D-1 . One day before the D+2 dispatch day D+2 = One day after the D+3 dispatch day D+4 H ∞ Operating Hour D+5 H-1 = One hour before the dispatch hour D+6 . . .

Exhibit 4-3
Market Time Line

4.1.7 Bid Sources Versus Bid Market

The various forms of energy including supply, reserve, and regulation are bid into the market as shown in Exhibit 4-4.

Exhibit 4-4
Bid sources by Market

| | Energy | Reserve | Regulation | Comments |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|
| Day-Ahead | Day-Ahead Bids | Day-Ahead Bids | Day-Ahead Bids | Day-ahead bids that are honored in the commitment process include start-up times. When selected, day-ahead unit hourly schedules are copied to the proper hours of the hour-ahead market tables and become "Must Run" in BME. |
| Supplemental Resource Evaluation (SRE) | Uncommitted Day-Ahead Bids | Uncommitted Day-Ahead Bids | Uncommitted Day-Ahead Bids | For the given period, bids are selected from those unselected day ahead bids that have not expired. Bids may be entered or modified after market closes. Start-up times are honored. |
| Hour-Ahead Market (BME) | Hour-Ahead Bids | | | By bidding into this market, units have agreed that they will start with 30 minute notice if selected. Start-up times are not considered. |
| Supplemental Resource Evaluation (SRE) | Uncommitted Hour-Ahead Bids | Uncommitted Hour-Ahead Bids | Uncommitted Hour-Ahead Bids | For the current hour, bids are selected from unselected hour-ahead bids. All hour-ahead bids are valid from market close through the schedule hour. Start-up times up to 30 minutes are honored. |

5. Generation in NYISO

This section discusses how electric generation capacity is managed within NYISO, and how the owners of that capacity are compensated.

5.1 Generator Compensation

Generating resources selected to run for the next day are paid at the hourly locational based marginal price (LBMP) for their generation bus at the settlement time of the day-ahead market. This day-ahead financial credit is adjusted for actual performance during the real-time market based on actual hourly average LBMP. Generating resources that self-schedule regulation capability are compensated via credit against charges for they would incur for these services. They are compensated at the market clearing price (MCP) plus an Availability payment. Units that are bid into the regulation market are compensated at the higher value of either MCP or the regulation bid plus lost opportunity cost. Other ancillary services markets may be developed by NYISO in the future.

5.2 Reactive Supply and Voltage Support Service

Generators that serve as NYISO as suppliers of Voltage Support Service to qualify must provide a resource that has an AVR and has successfully performed Reactive Power (MVAr) capability testing. Voltage Support Service includes the ability to produce or absorb Reactive Power within the resource's tested reactive capability, and the ability to maintain a specific voltage level under both steady-state and post contingency operating conditions subject to the limit of the resources tested reactive capability. Payment for Voltage Support Service is developed based on an embedded cost. Payments are made on a monthly basis and are one twelfth of the embedded cost if the supplier is under contract to supply installed capacity. If they are not under contract the same payment is prorated by number of hours the Generator or synchronous condenser is operated in that month A supplier that is providing Voltage Support Service from a Generator that is in service is entitled to receive lost opportunity cost (LOC) if it is directed to reduce output to allow the unit to produce or absorb reactive power.

5.3 Regulation and Frequency Response Service

Regulation and frequency response services are required for continuous balancing of resources. This service is accomplished by committing on-line generators whose output is raised or lowered primarily through AGC to follow moment by moment changes in load. Regulation service is bid into the market by individual units that have AGC capability. Generating Resource have the option to bid this service and provide it if the bid is accepted. Bids are selected in the Day Ahead Market and in the Balancing Market when only when required. Providers of regulation services are compensated via:

- An hourly availability payment for reserving capability to provide regulation service based on a MCP determined by the NYISO
- An energy payment based on the amount of regulation provided is developed on based on the performance. This payment is calculated using a number of factors including the the average automatic generation control (AAGC)signal sent to the unit, the ramped security constrained dispatch (ramped SCD) and the LBMP.
- A financial penalty based on poor perforance as measure against expectations.

5.4 Operating Reserve Service

Operating Reserve Service provides backup generation in the event that major Generating Resources trip off-line. These reserves must be available from units within the NY Control Area and within specific regions. Types of reserves include:

- 10-Minute Spinning Reserve: Operating reserves that are already synchronized to the NY Power system and can respond to instructions to change output level within 10 minutes. Suppliers of this 10 Minute Spinning Reserve service are paid:
 - The Day Ahead Availability price (equal to the highest bid price accepted for the service) in each hour times the hours they are scheduled to supply the service.
 - For any excess provided beyond that scheduled from the supplier. It is paid at the Real Time Availability price in lieu of the Day Ahead Availability price.
 - ◆ Lost opportunity costs. Suppliers where Class A unit output (Real-Time dispatch) has been reduced to create spinning reserve are also paid for LOC.
 - Real Time LBMP by the NYISO for all energy generated in accordance with their instructions.

- 10-Minute Non-Synchronized Reserve: Operating reserves that can be started, synchronized and loaded within 10 minutes. Suppliers of this 10 Minute Non Synchronized Reserve service are paid:
 - The Day Ahead Availability price (equal to the highest bid price accepted for the service) in each hour times the hours they are scheduled to supply the service.
 - For any excess provided beyond that scheduled from the supplier. It is paid at the Real Time Availability price in lieu of the Day Ahead Availability price.
 - Real Time LBMP by the NYISO for all energy generated in accordance with their instructions.
- 30-Minute Spinning Reserve: Operating reserves that are already synchronized to the NY Power System. Suppliers of this 30-Minute Spinning Reserve service are paid:
 - The Day Ahead Availability price (equal to the highest bid price accepted for the service) in each hour times the hours they are scheduled to supply the service.
 - For any excess provided beyond that scheduled from the supplier. It is paid at the Real Time Availability price in lieu of the Day Ahead Availability price.
 - Real Time LBMP by the NYISO for all energy generated in accordance with their instructions.

The actual prices for these reserve services over the period Nov. '99 to Jan. '01 are summarized below in Exhibit 5-1.

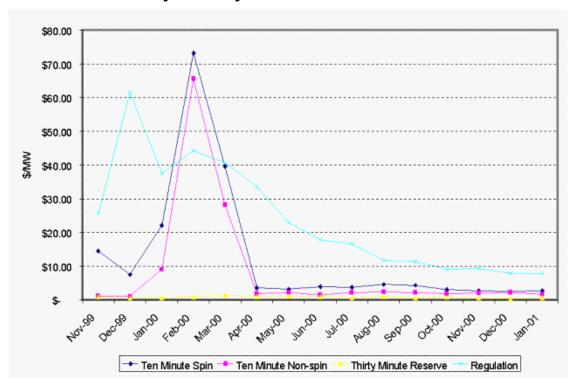


Exhibit 5-1
DAM Monthly Ancillary Service Prices Nov. '99 to Jan. '01

5.5 Black Start Capability

Black Start Capability represents the key Generators that, following a system-wide blackout, can start without the availability of an outside electric supply and are available to participate in system restoration under the control of the NYISO (and in some cases under local Transmission Owner control). Providers of Black Start Capability receive payments for this service at a rate established by the FERC which include but are not limited to:

- The embedded costs related to the units involved in this service
- The O&M cost of the units involved in this service
- Training costs related to Black Start capability.

5.6 Capacity Credit Markets Participation

Generators that serve as NYISO capacity resources may submit bids to the NYISO daily capacity credit market or periodic monthly and longer-term capacity credit markets. On a daily basis, any excess capacity is required to be bid into the capacity credit market. Bids are submitted using the Internet tool "NYISO Capacity." The computer tool enables generators to create bilateral capacity transactions or submit capacity modifications to increase or decrease the installed capacity rating of a unit. The application also allows load serving entities to enter active load management modifications, and view peak load and obligation data.

5.7 Coordination of Operation

A Balancing Market Evaluation (BME) is performed for the hour in which a dispatch is to occur. The BME begins ninety (90) minutes before the beginning of the hour in which dispatch occurs. Base upon Day-Ahead commitment and updated Load forecasts and Generator schedules, BME will assess new Bids for the Location Based Marginal Pricing (LBMP) Markets and requests for new Bilateral Transaction schedules for the Dispatch Hour to which the SCUC (Security Constrained Utility Commitment) applies. BME will for the Dispatch Hour for which the SCUC applies:

- Redispatch internal generators,
- Schedule external generators,
- Schedule new bilateral transactions if feasible
- Update desired net interchanges if needed, and
- Reduce or curtail bilateral transactions with non-firm and firm transmission service as needed

Base point signals are sent from the ISO to each Generator specifying scheduled MW output for the Generator. Security constrained Dispatch (SCD) Base Point signals are typically sent on a nominal 5 minute basis and Automatic Generation Control (AGC) Base Point signals on a nominal six (6) second basis.

Generation that serve as capacity resources must initially submit design data in hard copy followed by quarterly data (monthly beginning April 2001) regarding its performance to the generator availability data system (GADS). Every month NYISO uses the most recently available 12-month history of GADS data to calculate the demand equivalent forced outage rate (EFORd) for each generating unit. This measure of unit availability is used to convert the installed capacity rating of the unit to an unforced capacity rating for use in the NYISO capacity markets for the next month. The unforced capacity rating of a unit is defined as the installed

capacity multiplied by (1-EFORd). For example, a unit with an installed capacity rating of 100 MW and an EFORd of 10 percent would have (1-EFORd) equal to 0.9, resulting in an unforced rating of 100 MW multiplied by 0.9, or 90 MW.

In addition to the initially submitted design (pedigree) data, all generator owners must submit the following monthly performance and event data into NYISO GADS by the 20th of the following month:

- Outage Event Data Record of times and causes for a unit being out of service.
- <u>Generation Performance Data</u> Monthly generation, service hours, fuel consumption.

Additional specification on submitting each type of data can be found in the NYISO GADS User Manual

5.8 Generator Testing

Generating units must be tested on a routine basis to verify their performance. Summer rating tests are conducted between June 1st through September 15th, and winter tests are conducted between November 1st through April 15th. Tests must be conducted based on NYISO DMNC test procedures, with reports submitted to NYISO not later than 60 days after the test. Description for NYISO generation member requirements can be found in the NYISO Installed Capacity Manual dated 2/15/01 and test procedures in Section 5.12.8 of the ISO Services Tariff.

5.9 Coordination of Operation

Real-time coordination of operations between NYISO and the generation facility is essential for maximum efficiency. Every generator that is interconnected with and synchronized to the transmission system must coordinate its operation with NYISO and provide all necessary and requested information and equipment status to assure that the electrical system can be operated in a safe and reliable manner. This coordination encompasses, but is not limited to:

- Supplying generator net MW and MVAR output.
- Supplying frequency and voltage levels.
- Scheduling the operation and outages of facilities including synchronization and disconnection.
- Providing data required for operations and system studies.

- Notifying NYISO of any condition that inhibits its operating in a reliable manner.
- Providing documented startup and shutdown procedures including ramp-up and ramp-down.
- Following NYISO-directed plant operation during emergency and restoration conditions.
- Following NYISO-directed operation during transmission-constrained conditions.

The generator owner must develop operating principles and procedures for its facility, coordinated with NYISO requirements. The owner must also provide the necessary training and certification for appropriate employees, and provide facilities for necessary communication with NYISO.

5.10 Reliability and Generator Operations Under Emergency Operating Conditions

New York's transmission system is part of interconnected grid built and operated with the redundancy to tolerate a reasonable level of disturbance while maintaining customer service. The NYSRC criteria is to maintain an 18% reserve margin requirement of available electricity. This is designed to ensure the capacity to meet peak load or to operate with an unscheduled outage. Over the past six years New York experienced an average of seven hours per year in the Major Emergency State. That is a condition in which the NYISO has determined corrective actions are required to prevent damage to the transmission system or to avoid loss of firm customer load. The centerpiece for transmission reliability relative to design and operation is the N-1 Criterion. This states that a system with N elements must operate normally and reliably without any one critical component. This results in certain critical interfaces within the system being operated well below their maximum loading levels.

The New York State Reliability Council (NYSRC) is a not for profit entity whose mission is to promote and preserve the reliability of electric service on the New York State Power System. It develops, maintains and updates the reliability rules by which the NYISO and all transmission, ancillary service, and energy and power transactions must comply. This is carried out without intent to advantage or disadvantage any Market Participant's commercial interests. Its mission also includes monitoring compliance with the Reliability Rules in consultation with the NYISO. The NYSRC is governed by 13 members which include: one representative from each of the seven current Transmission Owners, one from the Wholesale sector, one from the Large Consumers sector, one from the Municipal Electric Systems, and three not affiliated with any Market Participants.

While the smooth running of NYISO under normal circumstances is an important technical and economic function, the stable operation of the grid under abnormal circumstances and during emergencies is one of the most critical elements and responsibilities of NYISO operations. In order to maintain system reliability during emergency operations, it is critical that generators respond to directives from NYISO. During an emergency, as determined/declared by the Local Reliability Center or NYISO, NYISO requires that each generator respond as promptly as possible to all directives from the Local Reliability Center and NYISO with respect to all matters affecting the operation of the facility including, without limitation, the following:

- Thermal overload of electrical circuits (actual or contingency), and/or
- High- or low-voltage conditions (actual or contingency).

The Local Reliability Center may also direct the generator to:

- Adjust (increase or decrease) the facility energy and/or reactive output, and/or
- Connect or disconnect the facility from the NYISO electrical system and/or deviate from the prescribed voltage or reactive schedules.

During emergencies, the generator and NYISO maintain communications and contact during all NYISO or Local Reliability Center's emergency operations. When the Local Reliability Center has determined that the emergency conditions have been alleviated, the facility will be allowed to return to normal operations consistent with good operational practice. In order to safely restore the transmission system following a facility outage, the facility isolated from the NYISO electrical system must reconnect only under the direction of the Local Reliability Center.

5.11 Interconnecting

NYISO is connected on all sides by other power pools that vary in their role as an ISO. NYISO is concerned where projects result in significant restraints to the movement of power from one region to another. As an example, it has been recognized for years that there is a need for another transmission corridor from the western part of Pennsylvania to the east. Within the region itself, it is the responsibility of the ISO to ensure that power moves from the generating resources to the demand centers. There are a variety of ways to move the power, and it is the decision of the NYISO as the region's ISO to ensure that it happens.

As previously discussed, the coordination of all movements is the responsibility of NYISO. This is especially true when power is moved from one region to another to take advantage of load diversity. In this manner, generation resources can be optimized based on market signals for demand and supply. It is the interconnections that allow this optimization.

5.12 Existing Units in NYISO

As part of each regional characterization, the GEMSET Team collects data on each generating unit in a particular region. Below, in Exhibit 5-2, are all of the identified units currently in the NYISO. This information will be utilized to develop pricing and other information when evaluating future plans in this region. These have been stacked in the production cost order estimated by the GEMSET team using known (or estimated) heat rates, GEMSET fuel price estimates, and GEMSET estimates of other variable production costs.

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit T | ype Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|--|--------------------------------------|----------|------------|------------------|---------------|
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp | DCCRA | ST | REF | 8,000 | 8 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Babylon (RR) | ST | REF | 14,345 | 22 |
| Long Island Power Authority | E. Northport (LF) | IC CT | MTE | 0 070 | 24 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Hempstead (RR) | ST ST | REF REF | 69,678 22,138 | 95 118 |
| Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority | Huntington Islip(RR) | ST | REF | 9,429 | 128 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Oceanside (LF) | IC | MTE | 1,684 | 130 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Oyster Bay (LF) | iC | MTE | 1,300 | 132 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Smithtown (LF) | IC | MTE | 1,100 | 133 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Yaphank (LF) | IC | MTE | 3,624 | 137 |
| New York Power Authority | ADG FC | FC | REF | 200 | 137 |
| New York Power Authority | Photovoltaic | PV | SL | 480 | 137 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | AA Dairy | IC | MTE | 100 | 137 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Cowee | ST | WD | 500 | 138 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | High Acres | IC | MTE | 3,200 | 141 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Lancaster LF Ph.1 | IC | MTE | 1,900 | 143 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Electric & Gas Corp. | Lancaster LF Ph.2 Boralex | IC ST | MTE WD | 2,100 17,800 | 146 164 |
| New York State Electric & Gas Corp. New York State Electric & Gas Corp. | KES-Chateaugay | ST | WD | 17,000 | 183 |
| New York State Electric & Gas Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir-Resrce Recry | ST | REF | 12,250 | 196 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Amer. Ref-Fuel 1 | ST | REF | 19,500 | 216 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Amer. Ref-Fuel 2 | ST | REF | 19,500 | 23 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Energy Tactics | IC IC | MTE | 740 | 240 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Harden Furniture | ST | WD | 300 | 24 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | MM Albany Energy | IC | REF | 1,900 | 245 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Onondaga County | ST | REF | 32,250 | 278 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Oswego County | ST | REF | 920 | 278 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Waste Mgmt. of NY | IC | MTE | 1,030 | 280 |
| Orange and Rockland Utilities | Landfill G.Part19 | IC | MTE | 2,500 | 282 |
| Orange and Rockland Utilities | Middletown LFG | IC | MTE | 3,000 | 285 |
| PECO Energy | Burrows-Lyonsdale | ST | WD | 19,800 | 305 |
| PP&L EnergyPlus Co. (EPLUS) | Bethlehem Steel | CC | COG | 21,500 | 326 |
| Seneca Energy_Inc. Seneca Energy_Inc. | Seneca Energy Inc. | IC IC | MTE MTE | 6,000 6,000 | 336 |
| Westchester RESCO Co. LP | Seneca Energy Inc. Westchester Resco | ST | REF | 54,000 | 346 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Bannertown P&L | WT | WND | 04,000 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Begent_ H.A. | WT | WND | 0 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Bergan W.C. | WT | WND | Ö | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Blenheim Wind Pwr | WT | WND | 0 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Chapman_ Jerry | WT | WND | 0 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Devine_ W.T. | WT | WND | 18 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Dibble_ C. | WT | WND | 4 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Fitzpatrick_ R. | WT | WND | 2 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hamond_ E. | WT | WND | 2 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hedrick_ Robert | WT | WND | 10 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Helmer_ Paul | WT | WND | 4 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hess_ Jos.& Kath. | WT | WND | 10 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Higgins_ W.J. | WT | WND | 4 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hurd_ Dr. D.W. Lewandowski Paul | WT WT | WND WND | 10 | 400 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Marsden_ Russel | WT | WND | 5 2 | 400 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Prossner D.M. | WT | WND | 1 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Ryan_ Robert | WT | WND | 10 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Schiefer M. | WT | WND | 20 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Staples_ Gary D. | WT | WND | 10 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Stellone Gerald | WT | WND | 4 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Tallmon Larry | WT | WND | 12 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Van Strander_ J.M | WT | WND | 1 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Weber_ Richard | WT | WND | 4 | 40 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Wind Development | WT | WND | 75 | 401 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Woodin_ D. | WT | WND | 1 | 401 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Zingler_ Rudy | WT | WND | 5 | 401 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Dashville 1 | HY | WAT | 2,250 | 403 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|--|---------------------------------|-----------|------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Dashville 2 | HY | WAT | 2,250 | 405 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Groveville Mills | HY | WAT | 800 | 406 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | High Falls | HY | WAT | 2,500 | 409 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Millpond | HY | WAT | 900 | 410 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Montgomery West | HY | WAT | 200 | 410 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Neversink Salisbury Mills | HY HY | WAT WAT | 23,250 500 | 434 434 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Sturgeon 1 | HY | WAT | 5,333 | 439 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Sturgeon 2 | HY | WAT | 5,333 | 445 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Sturgeon 3 | HY | WAT | 5,334 | 450 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Wallkill | HY | WAT | 500 | 451 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Wappingers Falls | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 453 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | West Delaware | HY | WAT | 7,250 | 460 |
| New York Power Authority | Ashokan 1 | HY | WAT | 1,900 | 462 |
| New York Power Authority | Ashokan 2 | HY | WAT | 1,900 | 464 |
| New York Power Authority New York Power Authority | Blenheim 1 Blenheim 2 | PS PS | WAT WAT | 260,000 260,000 | 724 984 |
| New York Power Authority | Blenheim 3 | PS | WAT | 260,000 | 1,244 |
| New York Power Authority | Blenheim 4 | PS | WAT | 260,000 | 1,504 |
| New York Power Authority | Crescent 1 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 1,506 |
| New York Power Authority | Crescent 2 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 1,509 |
| New York Power Authority | Crescent 3 | HY | WAT | 2,974 | 1,512 |
| New York Power Authority | Crescent 4 | HY | WAT | 2,974 | 1,515 |
| New York Power Authority | Jarvis 1 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 1,517 |
| New York Power Authority | Jarvis 2 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 1,519 |
| New York Power Authority | Kensico 1 | HY | WAT | 800 | 1,520 |
| New York Power Authority | Kensico 2 Kensico 3 | HY | WAT WAT | 800 800 | 1,521 |
| New York Power Authority New York Power Authority | Lewiston PS | HY PS | WAT | 240,000 | 1,522 1,762 |
| New York Power Authority | Moses Niagara | HY | WAT | 2,400,000 | 4,162 |
| New York Power Authority | St Law. FDR | HY | WAT | 800,000 | 4,962 |
| New York Power Authority | Vischer Ferry 1 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 4,964 |
| New York Power Authority | Vischer Ferry 2 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 4,967 |
| New York Power Authority | Vischer Ferry 3 | HY | WAT | 2,974 | 4,970 |
| New York Power Authority | Vischer Ferry 4 | HY | WAT | 2,974 | 4,973 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Alice Falls | HY | WAT | 1,500 | 4,975 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Alice Falls | HY | WAT | 600 | 4,975 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Allegheny 8 Allegheny 9 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 9,400 11,800 | 4,992 5,012 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Auburn - Mill-St. | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,012 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Auburn-No. Div.St | HY | WAT | 800 | 5,013 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Cadyville 1 | HY | WAT | 1,500 | 5,015 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Cadyville 2 | HY | WAT | 1,500 | 5,016 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Cadyville 3 | HY | WAT | 3,800 | 5,020 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Chasm Hydro | HY | WAT | 900 | 5,021 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Croton Fall Hydro | HY | WAT | 200 | 5,022 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Goodyear Lake | HY | WAT | 1,500 | 5,023 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | High Falls 1 | HY | WAT | 3,400 | 5,027 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | High Falls 2 | HY | WAT | 3,400 | 5,032 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | High Falls 3 Kent Falls 1 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 6,000 2,800 | 5,039 5,042 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Kent Falls 2 | HY | WAT | 2,800 | 5,045 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Kent Falls 3 | HY | WAT | 5,300 | 5,050 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Lower Saranac | HY | WAT | 6,400 | 5,059 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Mechanicville 1 | HY | WAT | 8,200 | 5,069 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Mechanicville 2 | HY | WAT | 8,200 | 5,078 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Mill C 1 | HY | WAT | 900 | 5,079 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Mill C 2 | HY | WAT | 1,100 | 5,080 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Mill C 3 | HY | WAT | 3,300 | 5,083 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Montville Falls | HY | WAT | 200 | 5,084 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Rainbow Falls 1 Rainbow Falls 2 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 1,500 1,500 | 5,085 5,087 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Triton | HY | WAT | 1,800 | 5,089 |
| THEW TORK State Lieb. & Gas Corp. | THUIT | | V V ∕ \ I | 1,000 | 5,009 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|---|--|-----------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Walden Hydro | HY | WAT | 3,700 | 5,093 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Waterloo 2 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,094 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Waterloo 3 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,094 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Waterloo 4 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,095 |
| Niagara Mohawk Energy Marketing_ Inc. | Seneca Falls 1 | HY | WAT | 1,700 | 5,096 |
| Niagara Mohawk Energy Marketing Inc. | Seneca Falls 2 Seneca Falls 4 | HY HY | WAT | 1,700 | 5,098 |
| Niagara Mohawk Energy Marketing_ Inc. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Ad.HY Potsdam Pap | HY | WAT | 1,800 1,180 | 5,100 5,103 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir HY Middle Fl | HY | WAT | 700 | 5,105 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir HY-NYS Dam | HY | WAT | 10,700 | 5,116 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir HY-Otter Crk | HY | WAT | 90 | 5,116 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir HY-Schroon R | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,118 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir HY-Sissonvle | HY | WAT | 1,040 | 5,121 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir.HY-Hudsn Fls | HY | WAT | 41,750 | 5,165 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Adir.HY-S.Glen FI | HY | WAT | 14,500 | 5,179 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Albany Hydro Assc | HY | WAT | 20 | 5,179 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | AlgonCran. Lake | HY | WAT | 70 | 5,180 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | AlgonForresport | HY | WAT | 300 | 5,182 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Algonquin-Adams | HY | WAT | 10 | 5,182 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Algonquin-Chr.Fls | HY | WAT | 140 | 5,183 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Algonquin-Herkimr | HY | WAT | 390 | 5,184 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Algonquin-Kayuta | HY | WAT | 80 | 5,184 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Algonquin-Ogdenbg | HY | WAT | 430 | 5,186 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Azure Mnt. Pwr Co | HY | WAT | 130 | 5,186 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Beaver Falls #1 | HY | WAT | 860 | 5,188 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Beaver Falls #2 | HY | WAT | 460 | 5,189 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Bellows Towers | HY HY | WAT WAT | 110 0 | 5,189 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Black River Hyd#1 | HY | WAT | 420 | 5,190 5,190 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Black River Hyd#2 Black River Hyd#3 | HY | WAT | 640 | 5,194 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | C.H.I. (#3 Mill) | HY | WAT | 340 | 5,194 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Carthage Paper | HY | WAT | 90 | 5,194 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Champlain Spinner | HY | WAT | 20 | 5,195 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI Dexter Hydro | HY | WAT | 1,220 | 5,198 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI Diamond Is HY | HY | WAT | 320 | 5,199 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI Fowler | HY | WAT | 520 | 5,200 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI Hailsboro #4 | HY | WAT | 840 | 5,201 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI Hailsboro #6 | HY | WAT | 380 | 5,201 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI Theresa Hydro | HY | WAT | 430 | 5,203 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | CHI-Lachute | HY | WAT | 1,240 | 5,204 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Chittenden Falls | HY | WAT | 150 | 5,205 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | City of Watervliet | HY | WAT | 20 | 5,206 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | City of Oswego (H.D.) | HY | WAT | 7,000 | 5,214 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | City of Utica 1 | HY | WAT | 100 | 5,214 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | City of Utica 2 | HY HY | WAT | 150 | 5,214 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | City of Watertown | HY | WAT WAT | 1,250 100 | 5,219 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Cons. HY-Victory Copenhagen Assoc. | HY | WAT | 620 | 5,220 5,223 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Cottrell Paper | HY | WAT | 30 | 5,223 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Daniel Green | HY | WAT | 10 | 5,223 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | DD Corp-Diana | HY | WAT | 450 | 5,224 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | DD Corp-Dolgevle | HY | WAT | 4,000 | 5,231 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Empire HY Partner | HY | WAT | 290 | 5,232 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Finch Pruyn | HY | WAT | 4 | 5,235 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Fort Miller Assoc | HY | WAT | 1,550 | 5,239 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Franklin Hydro | HY | WAT | 130 | 5,240 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Glen Park Assoc. | HY | WAT | 36,500 | 5,281 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Glovers Mill Enr | HY | WAT | . 0 | 5,281 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hampshire Paper | HY | WAT | 1,160 | 5,284 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Harza Moose River | HY | WAT | 12,000 | 5,296 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Harza Philadelpha | HY | WAT | 2,080 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hollings&Vose Ct | HY | WAT | 150 | 5,300 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hollings&Vose Lw | HY | WAT | 10 | 5,301 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|--|--|-----------|------------|------------------|--|
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hollings&Vose Up | HY | WAT | 300 | 5,302 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hoosick Falls | HY | WAT | 310 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Indian Falls HY | HY | WAT | 70 | -, |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | International Paper 1 | HY | WAT | 22,300 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | International Paper 2 | HY | WAT | 22,300 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | James River Corp. | HY HY | WAT WAT | 0 80 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Kings Falls Lake Flower-Sarnc | HY | WAT | 20 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Laguidara-Long Fl | HY | WAT | 310 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Little Falls Hyd. | HY | WAT | 12,000 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Lyonsdale Assoc. | HY | WAT | 640 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Lyonsflls Pulp&Pa | HY | WAT | 290 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Modular HY Mil Cr | HY | WAT | 10 | 5,380 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Mohawk Paper | HY | WAT | 490 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Moreau Mfg | HY | WAT | 2,090 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Mt. Ida Assoc. | HY | WAT | 180 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Newport HY Assoc | HY | WAT | 530 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Oswego HY Partnrs | HY | WAT | 2,000 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Pyrites Assoc. | HY HY | WAT | 5,250 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Riverrat Glass&Electric Sandy Hollow HY | HY | WAT WAT | 120 240 | the state of the s |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Seneca Limited | HY | WAT | 160 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | SNC-Burt Dam Assc | HY | WAT | 210 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | SNC-Hollow Dam | HY | WAT | 290 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Stevens&Thompson | HY | WAT | 250 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Stillwater Assoc. | HY | WAT | 910 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Stillwater HY Prt | HY | WAT | 1,180 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Synergics M.Grnwh | HY | WAT | 160 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Synergics U.Grnwh | HY | WAT | 70 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Synergics-Union F | HY | WAT | 570 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Tannery Island | HY | WAT | 980 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Town of Wells | HY | WAT | 70 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Valatie Falls | HY HY | WAT WAT | 40 560 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Valley Falls Assoc. Vill. Gouverneur | HY | WAT | 20 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Vill. of Potsdam | HY | WAT | 460 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Watertown-Beebee. | HY | WAT | 9,000 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | West End Dam Assc | HY | WAT | 1,720 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | William Allen | HY | WAT | 0 | |
| Orange and Rockland Utilities | Buttermilk Falls | HY | WAT | 100 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Allens Falls | HY | WAT | 4,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Baldwinsville 1 | HY | WAT | 150 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Baldwinsville 2 | HY | WAT | 150 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Beardslee 1 | HY | WAT | 7,900 | -, |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Beardslee 2 | HY | WAT | 7,900 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Beebee Island 1 Beebee Island 2 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 3,300 3,300 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Belfort 1 | HY | WAT | 3,300 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Belfort 2 | HY | WAT | 667 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Belfort 3 | HY | WAT | 667 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Bennetts Bridge 1 | HY | WAT | 4,025 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Bennetts Bridge 2 | HY | WAT | 4,025 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Bennetts Bridge 3 | HY | WAT | 4,025 | 5,488 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Bennetts Bridge 4 | HY | WAT | 4,025 | 5,496 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Black River 1 | HY | WAT | 2,367 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Black River 2 | HY | WAT | 2,367 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Black River 3 | HY | WAT | 2,367 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Blake | HY | WAT | 13,730 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Browns Falls 1 | HY | WAT | 7,900 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Browns Falls 2 Chasm 1 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 7,900 867 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Chasm 2 | HY | WAT | 867 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Chasm 3 | HY | WAT | 867 | |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | | Cumulative |
|---|------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Othity | T failt Name | Onit Type | I doi | Rating | MW |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Colton 1 | HY | WAT | 8,793 | 5,547 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Colton 2 | HY | WAT | 8,793 | 5,556 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Colton 3 | HY | WAT | 8,793 | 5,566 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Deferiet 1 | HY | WAT | 3,533 | 5,569 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Deferiet 2 | HY | WAT | 3,533 | 5,573 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Deferiet 3 E J West 1 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 3,533 11,000 | 5,577 5,588 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | E J West 2 | HY | WAT | 11,000 | 5,599 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Eagle 1 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 5,600 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Eagle 2 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 5,601 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Eagle 3 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 5,603 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Eagle 4 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 5,604 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | East Norfolk | HY | WAT | 3,500 | 5,608 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Eel Weir 1 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,608 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Eel Weir 2 Eel Weir 3 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 400 400 | 5,609 5,610 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Effley 1 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,610 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Effley 2 | HY | WAT | 485 | 5,611 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Effley 3 | HY | WAT | 727 | 5,611 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Effley 4 | HY | WAT | 1,889 | 5,613 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Elmer 1 | HY | WAT | 950 | 5,614 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Elmer 2 | HY | WAT | 950 | 5,615 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Ephratah 1 | HY | WAT | 750 | 5,616 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Ephratah 2 | HY | WAT | 750 | 5,617 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Ephratah 3 | HY | WAT | 750 | 5,618 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Ephratah 4 | HY | WAT | 750 | 5,619 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Feeder Dam 1 | HY | WAT WAT | 840 840 | 5,620 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Feeder Dam 2 Feeder Dam 3 | HY HY | WAT | 840 | 5,621 5,622 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Feeder Dam 4 | HY | WAT | 840 | 5,623 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Feeder Dam 5 | HY | WAT | 840 | 5,624 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Five Falls | HY | WAT | 22,000 | 5,648 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Flat Rock 1 | HY | WAT | 2,400 | 5,650 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Flat Rock 2 | HY | WAT | 2,400 | 5,653 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Franklin 1 | HY | WAT | 1,100 | 5,654 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Franklin 2 | HY | WAT | 1,100 | 5,655 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Fulton 1 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,655 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Fulton 2 Glenwood 1 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 400 467 | 5,656 5,656 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Glenwood 2 | HY | WAT | 467 | 5,657 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Glenwood 3 | HY | WAT | 467 | 5,657 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Granby 1 | HY | WAT | 4,450 | 5,663 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Granby 2 | HY | WAT | 4,450 | 5,668 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Green Island 1 | HY | WAT | 1,175 | 5,669 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Green Island 2 | HY | WAT | 1,175 | 5,670 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Green Island 3 | HY | WAT | 1,175 | 5,672 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Green Island 4 | HY | WAT | 1,175 | 5,673 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Hannawa 1 | HY | WAT | 3,515 | 5,677 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Hannawa 2 | HY | WAT | 3,515 | 5,680 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Herrings 1 Herrings 2 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 1,567 | 5,682 5,684 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Herrings 3 | HY | WAT | 1,567 1,567 | 5,685 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Heuvelton 1 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,686 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Heuvelton 2 | HY | WAT | 400 | 5,686 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Dam 1 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 5,688 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Dam 2 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 5,690 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Dam 3 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 5,692 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Dam 4 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 5,694 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Falls 1 | HY | WAT | 1,833 | 5,696 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Falls 2 | HY | WAT | 1,833 | 5,698 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | High Falls 3 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 1,833 | 5,700 5,702 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Higley 1 Higley 2 | HY | WAT | 1,667 1,667 | 5,702 5,703 |
| Onon I Ower Florungs_ IIIC. | riigiey z | 111 | v v 🗥 I | 1,007 | 5,703 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Higley 3 | HY | WAT | 1,667 | 5,705 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Hogansburg | HY HY | WAT WAT | 400 2,400 | 5,706 |
| Orion Power Holdings_Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Hydraulic Race Inghams 1 | HY | WAT | 3,000 | 5,708 5,711 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Inghams 2 | HY | WAT | 3,000 | 5,715 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Johnsonville 1 | HY | WAT | 700 | 5,717 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Johnsonville 2 | HY | WAT | 700 | 5,720 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Kamargo 1 | HY | WAT | 1,167 | 5,721 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Kamargo 2 | HY | WAT | 1,167 | 5,723 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Kamargo 3 | HY | WAT | 1,167 | 5,725 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Lighthouse Hill 1 | HY | WAT | 1,800 | 5,728 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Lighthouse Hill 2 | HY | WAT | 1,800 | 5,732 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Macomb Minette 1 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 900 | 5,733 |
| Orion Power Holdings_Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Minetto 1 Minetto 2 | HY | WAT | 1,470 1,470 | 5,735 5,736 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Minetto 3 | HY | WAT | 1,470 | 5,738 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Minetto 4 | HY | WAT | 1,470 | 5,739 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Minetto 5 | HY | WAT | 1,470 | 5,740 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Moshier 1 | HY | WAT | 3,950 | 5,744 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Moshier 2 | HY | WAT | 3,950 | 5,748 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Norfolk | HY | WAT | 4,400 | 5,753 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Norwood | HY | WAT | 2,200 | 5,755 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Oak Orchard | HY | WAT | 300 | 5,755 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Oswego Falls E 1 | HY | WAT | 1,833 | 5,757 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Oswego Falls E 2 | HY | WAT | 1,833 | 5,759 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Oswego Falls E 3 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 1,833 390 | 5,761 5,761 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Oswego Falls W 3 Oswego Falls W 4 | HY | WAT | 905 | 5,761 5,762 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Oswego Falls W 5 | HY | WAT | 905 | 5,763 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Parishville | HY | WAT | 2,500 | 5,766 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Piercefield 1 | HY | WAT | 867 | 5,767 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Piercefield 2 | HY | WAT | 867 | 5,768 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Piercefield 3 | HY | WAT | 867 | 5,769 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Prospect | HY | WAT | 19,100 | 5,788 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Rainbow Falls | HY | WAT | 22,980 | 5,813 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Raymondville | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 5,815 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Schaghticoke 1 | HY | WAT | 0 | 5,818 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Schaghticoke 2 Schaghticoke 3 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 0 | 5,822 5,825 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Schaghticoke 4 | HY | WAT | 0 | 5,829 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | School Street 1 | HY | WAT | 6,836 | 5,836 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | School Street 2 | HY | WAT | 6,836 | 5,843 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | School Street 3 | HY | WAT | 6,836 | 5,851 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | School Street 4 | HY | WAT | 6,836 | 5,858 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | School Street 5 | HY | WAT | 6,836 | 5,865 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Schuylerville | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 5,872 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Sewalls 1 | HY | WAT | 1,100 | 5,873 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Sewalls 2 | HY | WAT | 1,100 | 5,874 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Sherman Island 1 | HY | WAT | 4,846 | 5,879 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Sherman Island 2 | HY | WAT | 4,846 | 5,885 |
| Orion Power Holdings_Inc. Orion Power Holdings_Inc. | Sherman Island 3 Sherman Island 4 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 4,846 4,846 | 5,890 5,896 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Sherman Island 5 | HY | WAT | 4,846 | 5,901 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Soft Maple 1 | HY | WAT | 4,200 | 5,909 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Soft Maple 2 | HY | WAT | 4,200 | 5,916 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | South Colton | HY | WAT | 18,880 | 5,937 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | South Edwards 1 | HY | WAT | 775 | 5,942 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | South Edwards 2 | HY | WAT | 775 | 5,947 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | South Edwards 3 | HY | WAT | 775 | 5,952 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | South Edwards 4 | HY | WAT | 775 | 5,957 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | South Glens Falls | HY | WAT | 10,000 | 5,967 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Spier Falls 1 | HY | WAT | 19,115 | 5,988 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Spier Falls 2 | HY | WAT | 19,115 | 6,009 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | Summer | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | Rating | MW |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Stark | HY | WAT | 25,500 | 6,035 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Stewarts Bridge | HY | WAT | 35,030 | 6,088 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Sugar Island 1 | HY | WAT | 0 | 6,090 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Sugar Island 2 | HY | WAT | 2,100 | 6,092 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Sugar Island 3 Talcville 1 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 2,100 300 | 6,094 6,096 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Talcville 2 | HY | WAT | 300 | 6,098 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Taylorville 1 | HY | WAT | 1,125 | 6,100 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Taylorville 2 | HY | WAT | 1,125 | 6,101 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Taylorville 3 | HY | WAT | 1,125 | 6,102 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Taylorville 4 | HY | WAT | 1,125 | 6,103 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Trenton Falls 1 | HY | WAT | 9,488 | 6,112 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Trenton Falls 2 | HY | WAT | 8,206 | 6,121 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Trenton Falls 3 | HY | WAT | 8,206 | 6,129 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Varick 1 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 6,130 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Varick 2 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 6,132 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Varick 3 Varick 4 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 0 1.400 | 6,134 6,135 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Varick 5 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 6,137 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Waterport 1 | HY | WAT | 1,400 | 6,138 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Waterport 2 | HY | WAT | 1,000 | 6,139 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Yaleville 1 | HY | WAT | 300 | 6,139 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Yaleville 2 | HY | WAT | 300 | 6,139 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Mills Mills | HY | WAT | 220 | 6,140 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Mt Morris | HY | WAT | 340 | 6,140 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Station 2 1 | HY | WAT | 6,000 | 6,146 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Station 26 1 | HY | WAT | 2,000 | 6,148 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Station 5 1 | HY | WAT | 11,000 | 6,162 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Station 5 2 | HY | WAT | 11,000 | 6,174 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Station 5 3 | HY | WAT | 17,000 | 6,191 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Wiscoy 1 Wiscoy 2 | HY HY | WAT WAT | 600 480 | 6,191 6,192 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Grahamsville | HY | WAT | 17,000 | 6,209 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Mongaup 1 | HY | WAT | 800 | 6,210 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Mongaup 2 | HY | WAT | 1,000 | 6,211 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Mongaup 3 | HY | WAT | 1,000 | 6,212 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Mongaup 4 | HY | WAT | 1,000 | 6,213 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Rio | HY | WAT | 10,200 | 6,223 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Swinging Bridge | HY | WAT | 12,900 | 6,236 |
| New York Power Authority | Fitzpatrick 1 | NB | UR | 820,000 | 7,066 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Indian Pt 2 | NP | UR | 941,000 | 8,017 |
| New York Power Authority | Indian Pt 3 | NP | UR | 970,000 | 9,007 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Ginna 1 | NP ST | UR BIT | 498,400 | 9,506 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. AES Corp. | Ravenswood 3 Kintigh | ST | BIT | 955,200 691,800 | 10,478 11,171 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Danskammer 4 | ST | BIT | 228,180 | 11,403 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Huntley 67 | ST | BIT | 203,250 | 11,608 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Dunkirk 3 | ST | BIT | 196,500 | 11,812 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Dunkirk 4 | ST | BIT | 191,920 | 12,012 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Lovett 5 | ST | BIT | 197,300 | 12,211 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Huntley 68 | ST | BIT | 191,250 | 12,405 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Lovett 4 | ST | BIT | 180,300 | 12,585 |
| AES Corp. | Milliken 1 | ST | BIT | 153,000 | 12,742 |
| AES Corp. | Milliken 2 | ST | BIT | 156,000 | 12,899 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Danskammer 3 | ST | BIT | 130,180 | 13,031 |
| AES Corp. | Greenidge 4 | ST | BIT | 105,300 | 13,139 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Dunkirk 1 | ST | BIT | 95,750 | 13,239 |
| NRG Power_Inc. NRG Power Inc. | Dunkirk 2 Huntley 63 | ST ST | BIT BIT | 99,500 93,000 | 13,339 13,435 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Huntley 66 | ST | BIT | 93,000 | 13,530 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Huntley 65 | ST | BIT | 93,300 | 13,623 |
| . 11 10 1 01101 1110. | | | | | |
| NRG Power Inc. | Huntley 64 | ST | BIT | 91,300 | 13,715 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit T | ype Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|---|--|----------|------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Russell 4 | ST | BIT | 78,000 | 13,879 |
| Sempra Energy Trading Corp. | Fibertek Energy | ST | COL | 77,000 | 13,956 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Nine Mile Pt 1 Nine Mile Pt 2 | NB NB | UR UR | 618,200 1,149,800 | 14,578 15,742 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Lovett 3 | ST | BIT | 69,300 | 15,742 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Russell 2 | ST | BIT | 64,000 | 15,877 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Russell 3 | ST | BIT | 64,000 | 15,942 |
| Central Hudson Enterprises Corp. | CHR-Niagara | ST | COL | 56,900 | 15,998 |
| AES Corp. | Greenidge 3 | ST | BIT | 56,000 | 16,054 |
| Niagara Mohawk Energy Marketing_ Inc. | Fort Drum | ST ST | COL BIT | 52,800 47,100 | 16,108 16,158 |
| AES Corp. Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Hickling 2 Russell 1 | ST | BIT | 46,000 | 16,205 |
| AES Corp. | Goudey 7 | ST | BIT | 44,300 | 16,250 |
| AES Corp. | Jennison 2 | ST | BIT | 37,500 | 16,288 |
| AES Corp. | Hickling 1 | ST | BIT | 34,600 | 16,324 |
| AES Corp. | Jennison 1 | ST | BIT | 35,400 | 16,360 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY_ Inc. | Bkln Navy Yard | CC | NG | 272,000 | 16,650 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Ind GT 1 Sithe-Ind GT 2 | GT GT | NG NG | 170,000 170,000 | 16,820 16,990 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Ind GT 3 | CT | NG | 170,000 | 17,160 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Ind GT 4 | CT | NG | 170,000 | 17,330 |
| Constellation Power Source | Carr StE. Syr | CC | NG | 100,300 | 17,433 |
| Selkirk Cogen Partners_ L.P. | Selkirk-I | CC | NG | 90,000 | 17,534 |
| New York Power Authority | Flynn | CC | NG | 136,364 | 17,701 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Wading River 2 | GT | F02 | 82,000 | 17,804 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Wading River 3 Wading River 1 | GT GT | FO2 FO2 | 81,000 | 17,907 |
| Long Island Power Authority NRG Power Inc. | Arthur Kill 3 | ST | NG | 82,000 496,000 | 18,009 18,510 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Arthur Kill 2 | ST | NG | 343,000 | 18,860 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Astoria 3 | ST | NG | 356,000 | 19,221 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 2 | ST | NG | 386,000 | 19,619 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Astoria 4 | ST | NG | 363,000 | 19,984 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Roseton 1 | ST | NG | 607,100 | 20,591 |
| Southern Energy Inc. New York Power Authority | Bowline 1 Poletti 1 | ST ST | NG NG | 610,000 825,000 | 21,204 22,029 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood Inc. | Ravenswood 1 | ST | NG | 377,300 | 22,419 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Northport 4 | ST | NG | 393,000 | 22,812 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Northport 2 | ST | NG | 389,000 | 23,201 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Northport 1 | ST | NG | 383,000 | 23,584 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | East River 7 | ST | NG | 174,000 | 23,759 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Astoria 5 | ST CC | NG | 361,000 | 24,128 |
| Central Hudson Enterprises Corp. Southern Energy Inc. | CHR-Syracuse Bowline 2 | ST | NG NG | 94,700 605,000 | 24,223 24,838 |
| Central Hudson Enterprises Corp. | CHR-Beaver Falls | CC | NG | 86,800 | 24,926 |
| Indeck-Olean LP | Indeck-Olean | CC | NG | 79,300 | 25,013 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Ogdenbrg | CC | NG | 79,500 | 25,100 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Massena | CC | NG | 79,500 | 25,184 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Saranac Energy Co | CC | NG | 80,400 | 25,264 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Saranac Energy Co | CC | NG | 80,400 | 25,345 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. Consolidated Edison of NY Inc. | Saranac Energy Co Cogen Tech-Linden | CC GT | NG NG | 80,400 78,000 | 25,425 25,503 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | GT | NG | 78,000 | 25,581 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | GT | NG | 78,000 | 25,659 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY_Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | GT | NG | 78,000 | 25,737 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY_Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | GT | NG | 78,000 | 25,815 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Northern Cons Pwr | CC | NG | 79,800 | 25,895 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Project Orange | CC | NG | 79,500 | 25,975 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. TransCanada Power Marketing Ltd. | GPUI-Onondaga Cog Fort Orange | CC | NG NG | 28,000 63.750 | 26,055 26,125 |
| NYSEG Solutions_ Inc. | Carthage Paper | CC | NG | 60,000 | 26,125 |
| NFR Power Inc. | American Brass | CC | NG | 63,000 | 26,255 |
| NYSEG Solutions_ Inc. | NSINS-S Glens Falls | CC | NG | 58,000 | 26,318 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Sterling | CC | NG | 57,000 | 26,380 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit T | ype Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|--|--|----------|----------|--------------------|------------------|
| Indeck-Yerkes LP | Indeck-Yerkes | CC | NG | 62,250 | 26,443 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Batavia | CC | NG | 57,500 | 26,505 |
| Indeck-Ilion LP | Indeck-Ilion | CC | NG | 56,000 | 26,567 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Oxbow Pwr- N.Tonaw | CC | NG | 55,750 | 26,628 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Ind ST 1 | ST | NG | 200,000 | 26,828 |
| Sithe Energies Inc. | Sithe-Ind ST 2 Barrett 2 | ST ST | NG NG | 200,000 | 27,028 27,224 |
| Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority | Port Jefferson 4 | ST | NG | 196,000 195.000 | 27,224 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 1 | ST | NG | 192,000 | 27,613 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Trigen-NDEC | CC | NG | 49,789 | 27,670 |
| Indeck-Oswego LP | Indeck Oswego | CC | NG | 51,750 | 27,727 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 11 | GT | NG | 39,000 | 27,779 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 10 | GT | NG | 41,000 | 27,830 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 9 | GT | NG | 41,000 | 27,881 |
| Long Island Power Authority | TBG-Grumman | CC | NG | 36,795 | 27,932 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 12 | GT | NG | 43,000 | 27,980 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Fulton Cogn Assoc | CC | NG | 42,300 | 28,029 |
| Indeck-Corinth LP | Indeck-Corinth | CC | NG | 48,000 | 28,077 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Shoemaker GT | GT GT | NG NG | 39,800 | 28,122 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Lockport Cogen Pr | GT | NG | 40,700 40,700 | 28,165 28,208 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Lockport Cogen Pr Lockport Cogen Pr | GT | NG | 40,700 | 28,251 |
| New York State Electric & Gas Corp. | Indeck-Silver Spr | CC | NG | 40,100 | 28,294 |
| New York Power Authority | KIAC (JFK) | CT | NG | 36,000 | 28,334 |
| New York Power Authority | KIAC (JFK) | CT | NG | 36,000 | 28,374 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Renns.Cogen BASF | GT | NG | 39,625 | 28,414 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Allegany GT | CT | NG | 38,000 | 28,454 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Glenwood 4 | ST | NG | 113,000 | 28,567 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Glenwood 5 | ST | NG | 113,000 | 28,680 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Far Rockaway 4 | ST | NG | 108,000 | 28,789 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Oswego 6 | ST | FO6 | 782,500 | 29,611 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Oswego 5 | ST | FO6 | 782,000 | 30,417 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Albany 3 | ST | NG | 89,700 | 30,515 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Albany 1 | ST ST | NG | 92,000 | 30,612 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Albany 4 | ST | NG NG | 88,700 90,700 | 30,707 30,798 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Albany 2 Coxsackie GT | GT | NG | 19,620 | 30,796 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | ST | NG | 85,000 | 30,906 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY_ Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | ST | NG | 85,000 | 30,991 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY Inc. | Cogen Tech-Linden | ST | NG | 85.000 | 31,076 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Allegany ST | CW | NG | 21,000 | 31,098 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 2 | GT | NG | 16,000 | 31,119 |
| Orange and Rockland Utilities | Lederle | CC | NG | 17,900 | 31,141 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Roseton 2 | ST | FO6 | 607,700 | 31,748 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 1 | GT | NG | 16,000 | 31,768 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 3 | GT | NG | 16,000 | 31,788 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 6 | GT | NG | 16,000 | 31,808 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 7 | GT | NG | 14,000 | 31,828 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 8 | GT | NG | 16,000 | 31,848 |
| Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority | Barrett 4 Barrett 5 | GT GT | NG NG | 14,000 16,000 | 31,867 31,886 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Lockport Cogen Pr | ST | NG | 65,700 | 31,956 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Waterside 6 | ST | NG | 69,000 | 32,025 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Station 9 | GT | NG | 14,000 | 32,043 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Danskammer 2 | ST | NG | 66,250 | 32,110 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Danskammer 1 | ST | NG | 63,050 | 32,176 |
| New York State Electric & Gas Corp. | Indeck-Silver Spr | CC | NG | 16,400 | 32,193 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | East River 6 | ST | NG | 131,000 | 32,327 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY_ Inc. | Mass Power | CC | NG | 4,000 | 32,341 |
| Long Island Power Authority | SUNY Stony Brook | CC | NG | 14,000 | 32,355 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Northport 3 | ST | FO6 | 381,000 | 32,736 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Waterside 9 | ST | NG | 48,000 | 32,784 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Waterside 8 | ST | NG | 47,000 | 32,831 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority | Renns.Cogen_ BASF | | | Rating | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority | Renns.Cogen BASE | ST | NG | Ĭ | MW |
| Long Island Power Authority | Glenwood 2 | GT | FO2 | 39,625 51,000 | 32,871 32,940 |
| , , | Glenwood 3 | GT | F02 | 52,000 | 33,009 |
| | Holtsville 10 | GT | FO2 | 53,000 | 33,078 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 4 | GT | FO2 | 51,000 | 33,147 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 8 | GT | FO2 | 53,000 | 33,216 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 3 | GT | FO2 | 51,000 | 33,283 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 6 | GT | FO2 | 51,000 | 33,350 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 9 | GT | FO2 | 51,000 | 33,417 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 5 | GT | FO2 | 51,000 | 33,483 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 7 | GT | FO2 | 49,000 | 33,549 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Holtsville 1 | GT GT | FO2 FO2 | 48,000 | 33,613 |
| Long Island Power Authority Long Island Power Authority | West Babylon 4 Holtsville 2 | GT | F02 | 47,000 48,000 | 33,676 33,737 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Shoreham 1 | GT | FO2 | 48,000 | 33,798 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Port Jefferson 3 | ST | FO6 | 192,000 | 33,991 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | General Mills Inc | CC | NG | 3,300 | 33,996 |
| New York Power Authority | KIAC (JFK) | ST | NG | 18,000 | 34,016 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Burrws-Little Falls 1 | CC | NG | 0 | 34,021 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Burrws-Little Falls 2 | CC | NG | | 34,025 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 2-1 | GT | NG | 39,200 | 34,068 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 2-2 | GT | NG | 40,200 | 34,114 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 2-3 | GT | NG | 40,300 | 34,160 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 2-4 | GT | NG | 40,500 | |
| NRG Power_ Inc. NRG Power Inc. | Astoria GT 3-1 Astoria GT 3-2 | GT GT | NG NG | 40,200 40,900 | 34,248 34,294 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Astoria GT 3-3 | GT | NG | 42,000 | 34,340 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Astoria GT 3-4 | GT | NG | 40,700 | |
| NRG Power Inc. | Astoria GT 4-1 | GT | NG | 40,000 | 34,430 |
| NRG Power Inc. | Astoria GT 4-2 | GT | NG | 38,900 | 34,474 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 4-3 | GT | NG | 40,200 | 34,518 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 4-4 | GT | NG | 40,200 | 34,558 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Indian Pt GT 2 | GT | FO2 | 19,700 | 34,585 |
| Long Island Power Authority | East Hampton 1 | GT | FO2 | 22,000 | 34,610 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Ellicotville Energy | GT | NG | 2,800 | 34,613 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 10 | GT GT | NG NG | 19,830 | 34,637 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_Inc. KeySpan - Ravenswood_Inc. | Ravenswood 11 Ravenswood 8 | GT | NG | 19,840 19,790 | 34,662 34,686 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 9 | GT | NG | 19,790 | 34,709 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Shoreham 2 | GT | FO2 | 17,000 | 34,732 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Syracuse Power Co. | CC | NG | 0 | 34,735 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | South Cairo | GT | KER | 18,620 | 34,757 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Glenwood 1 | GT | FO2 | 13,000 | 34,777 |
| Long Island Power Authority | P Jefferson GT | GT | FO2 | 16,000 | 34,797 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Northport GT | GT | FO2 | 15,000 | 34,816 |
| Rochester Gas and Electric Corp. | Beebee GT | GT | FO2 | 14,000 | 34,834 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Indian Pt GT 3 | GT | F02 | 13,400 | 34,852 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Southold 1 | GT GT | FO2 FO2 | 13,000 9,000 | 34,868 34,882 |
| Long Island Power Authority Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | S Hampton 1 59 St. GT 1 | GT | KER | 17,000 | 34,899 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY_ Inc. | York-Warbasse | CG | NG | 4,000 | 34,903 |
| Consolidated Edison of NY Inc. | York-Warbasse | CG | NG | 17,000 | |
| Indeck-Corinth LP | Indeck-Corinth | CG | NG | 80,000 | 35,000 |
| Selkirk Cogen Partners L.P. | Selkirk-II | CG | NG | 79,000 | 35,079 |
| Selkirk Cogen Partners_ L.P. | Selkirk-II | CG | NG | 79,000 | 35,158 |
| Selkirk Cogen Partners_ L.P. | Selkirk-II | CG | NG | 107,000 | |
| Long Island Power Authority | Port Jefferson 1 | ST | FO6 | 0 | 35,309 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Port Jefferson 2 | ST | FO6 | 0 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 2-2 | GT | NG | 35,940 | 35,395 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_Inc. | Ravenswood 2-3 | GT | NG | 33,940 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 2-4 Ravenswood 3-1 | GT GT | NG NG | 35,940 36,440 | 35,487 35,531 |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 3-1 | GT | NG | 33,640 | 35,575 |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Ty | pe Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|---|----------------------------|----------|------------|------------------|------------------|
| KoyChan Dayanawaad Inc | Ravenswood 2-1 | CT | NC | <u> </u> | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 3-3 | GT GT | NG NG | 33,940 35,940 | , |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 3-4 | GT | NG | 34,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | | GT | NG | 18,800 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Narrows 1-1 Narrows 1-2 | GT | NG | 19,600 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 1-2 | GT | NG | 16,300 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 1-4 | GT | NG | 19,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 1-5 | GT | NG | 15,600 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Narrows 1-6 | GT | NG | 18,100 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 1-7 | GT | NG | 16,500 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 1-8 | GT | NG | 16,500 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 2-1 | GT | NG | 17,700 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 2-2 | GT GT | NG | 16,700 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Narrows 2-3 | GT | NG | 18,100 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 2-4 | GT | NG | 17,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Narrows 2-5 | GT | NG | 15,500 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Narrows 2-6 | GT | NG | 17,700 | · |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Narrows 2-7 | GT | NG | 16,400 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Narrows 2-8 | GT | NG | 17,900 | 36,077 |
| Long Island Power Authority | South Oaks Hosp | IC | NG | 240 | 36,077 |
| New York Power Authority | Bronx Zoo | IC | NG | 2,000 | 36,079 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Cal Ban Power | IC | NG | 50 | 36,080 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Hydrocarbon-Algny | IC | NG | 1,620 | |
| Orange and Rockland Utilities | Intl. Crossroads | IC | NG | 3,000 | 36,084 |
| Southern Energy Inc. | Hillburn GT | GT | NG | 36,100 | , - |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 05 | GT | FO2 | 13,600 | 36,148 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 07 | GT | FO2 | 14,100 | |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 09 | GT | FO2 | 13,600 | |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 10 | GT | FO2 | 19,900 | |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 11 | GT | FO2 | 21,300 | |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 12 | GT | FO2 | 21,800 | |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 13 | GT | FO2 | 21,100 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 6 | GT | NG | 16,900 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 7 | GT | NG | 15,820 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 4 | GT | NG | 15,400 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 5 | GT | NG | 14,900 | |
| KeySpan - Ravenswood_ Inc. | Ravenswood 1 | GT | NG | 9,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Astoria GT 01 | GT | NG | 11,200 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Nottingham High S | CC ST | NG NG | 100 500 | |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Ellicotville Energy | GT | FO2 | 16,300 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 1-1 Gowanus 1-2 | GT | F02 F02 | 17,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 1-2 | GT | F02 | 16,400 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 1-4 | GT | FO2 | 16,300 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 1-5 | GT | FO2 | 15,400 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 1-6 | GT | FO2 | 16,500 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 1-7 | GT | FO2 | 2,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 1-8 | GT | FO2 | 2,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 2-1 | GT | FO2 | 15,400 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 2-1 | GT | FO2 | 16,500 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 2-3 | GT | FO2 | 13,900 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 2-4 | GT | FO2 | 15,700 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 2-5 | GT | FO2 | 14,000 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 2-6 | GT | FO2 | 15,600 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 2-7 | GT | FO2 | 16,200 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 2-8 | GT | FO2 | 15,500 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 3-1 | GT | FO2 | 14,100 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 3-2 | GT GT | FO2 | 14,200 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 3-3 | GT | FO2 | 15,300 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 3-4 | GT | FO2 | 14,800 | |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 3-5 | GT | FO2 | 15,600 | |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 3-6 | GT | FO2 | 16,400 | |
| | | | | | , - |

Exhibit 5-2 NYISO Unit Data (Continued)

| Utility | Plant Name | Unit Type | Fuel | Summer Rating | Cumulative MW |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------|------|------------------|---------------|
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 3-8 | GT | FO2 | 15,400 | 36,874 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 4-1 | GT | FO2 | 15,100 | 36,895 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 4-2 | GT | FO2 | 17,100 | 36,917 |
| Orion Power Holdings Inc. | Gowanus 4-3 | GT | FO2 | 15,900 | 36,939 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 4-4 | GT | FO2 | 15,900 | 36,959 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 4-5 | GT | FO2 | 14,800 | 36,983 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 4-6 | GT | FO2 | 15,600 | 37,005 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 4-7 | GT | FO2 | 16,300 | 37,028 |
| Orion Power Holdings_ Inc. | Gowanus 4-8 | GT | FO2 | 16,300 | 37,049 |
| AES Corp. | Milliken IC 1 | IC | FO2 | 2,750 | 37,052 |
| AES Corp. | Milliken IC 2 | IC | FO2 | 2,750 | 37,055 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Danskammer 5 | IC | FO2 | 2,540 | 37,057 |
| Central Hudson Gas & Elec. Corp. | Danskammer 6 | IC | FO2 | 2,540 | 37,060 |
| Long Island Power Authority | East Hampton 2 | IC | FO2 | 2,000 | 37,062 |
| Long Island Power Authority | East Hampton 3 | IC | FO2 | 2,000 | 37,064 |
| Long Island Power Authority | East Hampton 4 | IC | FO2 | 2,000 | 37,066 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Montauk 2 | IC | FO2 | 2,000 | 37,068 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Montauk 3 | IC | FO2 | 2,000 | 37,070 |
| Long Island Power Authority | Montauk 4 | IC | FO2 | 2,000 | 37,072 |
| New York State Elec. & Gas Corp. | Harris Lake | IC | FO2 | 1,800 | 37,074 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Albany IC 1 | IC | FO2 | 700 | 37,074 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Dunkirk IC 2 | IC | FO2 | 500 | 37,075 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Huntley IC 1 | IC | FO2 | 700 | 37,076 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Oswego IC 1 | IC | FO2 | 700 | 37,076 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Oswego IC 2 | IC | FO2 | 800 | 37,077 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Oswego IC 3 | IC | FO2 | 800 | 37,078 |
| Niagara Mohawk Power Corp. | Burrws-Little Falls 3 | CC | FO2 | | 37,078 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | 74 St. GT 1 | GT | KER | 13,100 | 37,095 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | 74 St. GT 2 | GT | KER | 10,500 | 37,106 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Arthur Kill 1 | GT | KER | 13,800 | 37,122 |
| NRG Power_ Inc. | Astoria GT 08 | GT | FO2 | 13,600 | 37,138 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Hudson Ave 3 | GT | KER | 14,700 | 37,156 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Hudson Ave 4 | GT | KER | 14,700 | 37,173 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Hudson Ave 5 | GT | KER | 14,100 | 37,190 |
| Consolidated Edison Co. of NY | Indian Pt GT 1 | GT | FO2 | 13,400 | 37,210 |

6. Adding New Generation Capacity in NYISO

This section discusses the NYISO approval hurdles needed by any generating company owner planning to add any interconnected generation in the region. Adding new capacity with the deregulation of the electric market, has become a marketplace function. As of July 2001, there were 101 applications before the NYISO for new power plant interconnection studies. Nineteen (19) of the projects represented more than 12,000 MW. The type of plant, its fuel supply, size, and location are determined by market conditions and the objectives of private developers. The NYISO's LBMP pricing system is sending clear pricing signal that new generation is needed in Southeastern New York to meet growth load.

6.1 Determination of a New Interconnection

For the purpose of determining whether a proposed generation or transmission project is to be considered a new interconnection project that is obligated to satisfy the queuing and reliability impact study requirements of the NYISO, the following factors will apply:

- The proposed generation or transmission project shall be presumed to be a new interconnection subject to the requirements.
- The Developer can rebut this presumption if it satisfies the ISO Staff and TPAS that the proposed project is merely changes to an existing interconnection.

In the rebuttal to the ISO Staff and TPAS it must satisfy them that the following two points are true. The defining electrical characteristics of the facility when completed do not materially differ from a preexisting facility in a manner adverse to system reliability. Also the preexisting facility has not been retired at the time of the application.

If the project is deemed a new Interconnection it must abide by the requirements of Section 19B and 19C of the OATT (open access transmission tariff).

6.2 Feasibility Study

The feasibility study is an analysis procedure used by NYISO to assess the practicality and costs involved to incorporate a generating unit into NYISO. The analysis is limited to load flow analysis of the more probable contingencies and short circuit studies and does not include grid stability. The study focuses on determining preliminary estimates of type, scope, cost, and lead

time for construction of facilities required to interconnect the project. Results are provided to the applicant and the affected transmission owners and are published on the NYISO web site. NYISO maintains the confidentiality of the applicant in these reports. After reviewing the results of the feasibility study, the applicant decides whether or not to pursue the system impact study. If the applicant decides to proceed, a system impact study agreement must be submitted to NYISO with a \$50,000 deposit. Proof is required of initial application for required air permits, if any, and the applicant must identify whether the project is to be connected as a capacity or energy-only resource. New generation applicants may request either of two forms of interconnection service, capacity or energy-only service. Energy-only status allows the generator to participate in energy markets based on locational prices. Capacity status is based on providing sufficient transmission capability to ensure deliverability to network load within NYISO and to satisfy various contingency criteria established by the Mid-Atlantic Area Council (MAAC). Specific tests performed during the feasibility and system impact studies identify upgrades required to satisfy these criteria.

6.3 System Impact Study

The system impact study is a comprehensive analysis of the impact of adding the new generation to the Interconnection, and its deliverability to NYISO load. The study identifies the system constraints relating to the project and the attachment facilities, local upgrades, and network upgrades. The study refines and more comprehensively estimates cost responsibility and construction lead times for facilities and upgrades. Relationships are studied between the new generator, other planned new generators in the queues, and the existing Interconnection as a whole. This Study also encompasses an analysis of existing firm and non-firm transmission service requests. The results of the study will be provided to all applicants who had projects evaluated in the study project, and to affected transmission owners, and will be posted on the NYISO web site. While confidentiality obligations are honored by NYISO, the identity of the applicants at this stage is not considered confidential in these reports. The identity of all applicants, and the size and location of projects for which system impact studies have been completed are published on the NYISO web site. After reviewing the results of the study, the applicant must make a decision on whether or not to continue with the project.

6.4 Facilities Study

Upon completion of the system impact study, NYISO furnishes a facilities study agreement to the applicant. The facilities study agreement provides the estimated cost responsibility and estimated completion date for the study. It may also define milestone dates that the proposed project must meet to retain its assigned priority. If the applicant decides to proceed, the executed facilities study agreement is returned to NYISO accompanied by the required deposit. The deposit at this stage will be either \$100,000 or the estimated amount of its cost responsibility for the facilities study, whichever amount is higher. Upon completion of the facilities study, NYISO

provides a good faith estimate of the cost to be charged to the applicant for attachment facilities, local upgrades and network upgrades necessary to accommodate the project, and an estimate of the time required to complete construction of the facilities and upgrades. NYISO will furnish an interconnection service agreement to be executed by the applicant. In order to proceed with an interconnection service agreement, the applicant must demonstrate within 60 days of receipt of the facilities study that it has met certain milestones. The applicant must show that it has entered fuel delivery and water agreements, if necessary, and that it controls any necessary rights-of-way for fuel and water interconnections. It must have obtained any necessary local, county, and state site permits; and signed a memorandum of understanding for the acquisition of major equipment. In addition, the regional transmission owner (RTO) may also require that a separate interconnection agreement be executed. This would be an agreement between the applicant and the RTO regarding construction of facilities and upgrades, parallel operation of the two systems, and other matters generally included in accordance with good utility practice. The agreements and studies referred to above are more fully described in Part IV of the NYISO Interconnection, LLC Open Access Transmission Tariff available from FERC or from the NYISO web site at http:/www.NYISO.com.

Prior to the summer 2001 peak load period, NYISO expects 802 MW of capacity additions and enhancements (shown in Exhibit 6-1 below). Of these capacity additions, 717 MW are expected in the New York City load zone and 85 MW in the Long Island load zones. The New York Power Authority (NYPA) plans eleven new units totaling 452 MW of natural gas fired combustion turbines in the New York City metropolitan area. These units were announced at the end of the summer 2000 and are on a very compressed development schedule. Of the generation changes expected in the New York City load zone, 249 MW has been completed, 347 MW are "likely" and 121 MW are considered "possible" by June 1, 2001.

Exhibit 6-1 Resource Additions in NYC/LI - Summer 2001

| Generator | Capacity |
|------------------------------------|----------|
| Orion/Astoria #2 (restart) | 175 |
| ConEdison Hudson Ave #10 (restart) | 60 |
| Linden/Cogen Tech (upratings) | 40 |
| Gowanus GT (repair) | 34 |
| NYPA CTs (various NYC locations) | 408 |
| NYPA CT (LI location) | 44 |
| NYPA Holtsville (uprating) | 6 |
| Barrett (uprating) (LI) | 26 |
| Glenwood (uprating) (LI) | 9 |

6.5 Committed NYISO Capacity Additions

NYISO has responsibility for Regional Transmission Expansion Planning and oversees the process of adding new generation resources to the NYISO system. NYISO created a model for analyzing regional electric generation needs, determined procedures for evaluating individual proposals, and defined "generation request queues" for proposed projects. Links to the current request queues as well as documentation on the procedures are shown here. The Transmission Expansion Advisory Committee meets periodically to review progress on regional expansion planning.

Generators in NYISO may:

- Sell generation directly into NYISO and receive payment at locational based marginal price (LBMP).
- Sell capacity bilaterally or through the Capacity Credits Market.
- Sell Regulation into the market-based regulation market (effective June 1, 2000) and be in a position to participate in other future Ancillary Services Markets.
- Sell energy from their unit to areas outside of NYISO.
- Self-schedule their generation to serve their load obligation.

6.5.1 New Generation Projects

A company proposing a new generation project does not need to become a NYISO member until the project is close to commercial operation. Submission of an Interconnection Application and Feasibility Study Agreement is the first step in this process, after which the project will be assigned a queue position based on the date of submission. Following the feasibility study, the project may be withdrawn or continued to the impact study phase.

6.5.2 Interconnection Service Agreements

New project owners need to execute an Interconnection Service Agreement with NYISO Interconnection, LLC. This agreement defines the rights and responsibilities for construction of facilities and upgrades to accommodate the project. New owners of existing generating units must also execute an Interconnection Service Agreement with NYISO. A separate Interconnection Service Agreement is needed with the local electric distribution company or transmission owner regarding construction of facilities, parallel operation of the two systems, and other matters in accordance with good utility practice.

These agreements define specifically the equipment and responsibilities of each party. The structure and detail contained in the interconnection agreements is very important to all parties involved. Some of the issues considered as the parties develop the agreements include:

- Identification of who will design and construct facilities and upgrades (including completion schedules).
- Specification of any special operating restrictions that are a condition of interconnection necessary to meet reliability criteria.
- Identification of who will own and who will maintain equipment e.g., transformers, instantaneous metering, billing metering.
- Identify what provisions are there to assure agreement of parties for billing metering readings.
- Establish who provides routine meter calibration/verification.
- Identify if the generator is connected to a NYISO Open access tariff facility. If not, distribution services should be contracted from host utility.
- Establish who will provide the systems to interface with NYISO.
- Establish what data are to be provided to the distribution company's local control center (LCC).
- Describe what arrangements are required by the distribution company for the unit to operate for distribution reasons.
- Establish what services the seller will provide until new buyer systems are in place and ownership is transferred.
- Establish who will provide station power and light. This should be contracted unless buyer qualifies as load serving entity. NYISO is a wholesale supplier only.

6.5.3 New Generation

As specified in the NYISO Open Access Transmission Tariff, Section 36, when a new generation owner approaches NYISO to connect a new project to the NYISO system, an interconnection request must be submitted along with a signed feasibility study agreement and a non-refundable deposit of \$10,000. The Request must describe the location, size, equipment configuration, in-service date, and proof of right to control the site for the proposed project. The project is then placed into a queue. Queue positions are determined by the date of submission of

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the interconnection request. The applicant is obligated to pay the actual costs of studies conducted by NYISO on its behalf, and the non-refundable deposit of \$10,000 is applied to those costs as work is completed.

6.6 Generation Interconnection Request Queues

In order to maintain a logical and efficient manner in which new generation is added to the system, NYISO has established a queue setup that establishes positions by network requirements and timing for new generation projects. Currently in the queue, representing over 30,000 MW of planned additions to the NYISO system. In Exhibit 6-2 below gives the projects and their sizes and location, listed in the order in which they were received and the status of their evaluation by NYISO.

Also included for review are the proposed transmission interconnections planned for the NYISO. These are shown in Exhibit 6-3.

Exhibit 6-2 Proposed Interconnection in NYISO

| Site # | Project Name | Owner/Developer | Size (MW) | Date of Study Application | S | Interconnection Point | Utility | Status of Article X | Proposed In- Service |
|-----------|--|---|--------------|---------------------------------|--------|--|---------------|---|----------------------------|
| 1 | Middletown Station | Con Edison | N/A | 09/15/1989 | С | Coop Corn- Rock Tav Lines | NYPA | N/A | 2001 |
| 2 | Athens Gen | Athens Gen Co./PG& E | 1080 | 04/27/1998 | С | Leeds- Pl. Val. 91 Line | NMPC | Approved 6/13/00 | 2002 |
| 3 | Bethlehem Energy Center | PSEG Power NY | 350 | 04/27/1998 | С | Albany | NMPC | Appl filed 11/27/98 | 2002 |
| 4 | CT- LI DC Tie- | line LIPA/Trans Energie US | 330 | 07/20/1998 | С | "C Shoreham, Long Island " | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 5 | Torne Valley Station | Sithe Energies | 860 | 01/28/1999 | Α | Ramapo | CONED | Appl filed 11/15/99 | 2003 |
| 6 | Sunset Energy Fleet | Sunset Energy Fleet LLC | 520 | 02/17/1999 | С | C Gowanus | CONED | Appl filed 7/26/00 | 2002 |
| 7 | Ramapo Energy | American National Power | 1100 | 02/23/1999 | С | Ramapo | CONED | Appl accepted 1/02/01 | 2003 |
| 8 | Grassy Point | Columbia Electric Corp. | 0 | 02/23/1999 | W | West Haverstraw | CONED | Withdrawn | N/A |
| 9 | Millennium 1 | Millennium Power Gen | 160 | 02/23/1999 | Α | Hell Gate/Bruckner | CONED | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 10 | Millennium 2 | Co. LLC Millennium Power Gen Co. LLC | 320 | 02/23/1999 | Α | Hell Gate/Bruckner | CONED | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 11 | East Coast Power- Linden | East Coast Power- Linden Venture LP | 20 | 03/25/1999 | Α | Goethals | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 12 | East Coast Power- Linden | East Coast Power- Linden Venture LP | 70 | 03/25/1999 | Α | Goethals | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 13 | East Coast Power- Linden | East Coast Power- Linden Venture LP | 160 | 03/25/1999 | - 1 | Goethals | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 14 | East Coast Power- Linden | East Coast Power- Linden Venture LP | 160 | 03/25/1999 | 1 | Goethals | CONED | N/A | (None) |
| 15 | CT- LI AC Tie- line | AEP Resources Service Corp. | 600 | 04/13/1999 | I | "Shoreham, Long Island" | LIPA | N/A | (None) |
| 16 | ABB Oak Point Yard | ABB Development Corp. | 1075 | 04/15/1999 | Α | Hell Gate/Bruckner | CONED | Prelim filed 6/30/00 | 2003 |
| 17 | KeySpan Ravenswood | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " | 270 | 04/21/1999 | С | Ravenswood | CONED | Appl accepted 01/24/2001 | 2003 |
| 18 | Poletti Expansion | NYPA | 500 | 04/30/1999 | С | Astoria | CONED | Appl accepted 4/30/01 | 2004 |
| 19 20 | SEFCO Spagnoli Road CC Unit | NYC Energy LLC "KeySpan Energy, Inc." | 79.9 250 | 05/07/1999 05/17/1999 | R R | Kent Ave Spagnoli Road LIPA (No | CONED LIPA | N/A (No Filing) | 2002 2003 |
| | . 0 | 3 1 637 | | | | Filing) | | · • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • | |
| 21 22 | Shoreham Gen Station Wawayanda Energy Center | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " Calpine Eastern Corporation | 250 500 | 05/17/1999 06/10/1999 | A R | Shoreham LIPA (No Filing) Coop Corn- Rock Tav Lines | LIPA NYPA | (No Filing) Prelim filed 7/27/00 | 2003 2003 |

Exhibit 6-2 Proposed Interconnection in NYISO (Continued)

| Site # | Project Name | Owner/Developer | Size (MW) | Date of Study Application | S | Interconnection Point | Utility | Status of Article X | Proposed In- Service |
|-----------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 23 | Calpine Two Energy Center | Calpine Eastern Corporation | 1080 | 06/25/1999 | I | Coop Corn- Rock Tav Lines | NYPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 24 | Astoria Repowering- Phase 1 | Orion Power | 499 | 07/13/1999 | Α | Astoria | CONED | Prelim filed 9/5/00 | 2003 |
| 25 | East River Repowering | Consolidated Edison of NY | 288 | 08/10/1999 | С | E. 13th St. | CONED | Appl accepted 7/31/00 | 2002 |
| 26 | Twin Tier Power | "Twin Tier Power, LLC " | 520 | 08/20/1999 | Α | Watercure- Oakdale 31 Line | NYSEG | Pre- app filed 07/19/99 | 2003 |
| 27 | Far Rockaway Barge | ENRON | 0 | 09/08/1999 | W | Far Rockaway LIPA | LIPA | N/A | N/A |
| 28 | Spagnoli Road GT Unit | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " | 79.9 | 09/08/1999 | A | Spagnoli Road LIPA N/A | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 29 | Bowline Point Unit 3 | "Southern Energy, Inc. " | 750 | 10/13/1999 | С | W. Haverstraw | CONED | Appl accepted 8/10/00 | 2002 |
| 30 | Heritage Station | Sithe Energies | 800 | 10/29/1999 | С | Independence (Oswego) | NMPC | Approved 1/17/01 | 2003 |
| 31 | Astoria Energy | "SCS Energy, LLC" | 1000 | 11/16/1999 | С | Astoria | CONED | Appl accepted 3/01/01 | 2003 |
| 32 | Brookhaven Energy | American National Power | 580 | 11/22/1999 | R | Holbrook- Brookhaven Line | LIPA | Appl filed 6/25/01 | 2003 |
| 33 | Glenville Energy Park | "Glenville Energy Park, LLC " | 810 | 11/30/1999 | С | Rotterdam | NMPC | Prelim filed | 2003 |
| 34 | North First Street | York Research Corp. | 500 | 01/11/2000 | Р | Con Ed System | CONED | (No Filing) | 2004 |
| 35 | Gotham Power - Bronx I | 1st Rochdale Coop Group | 79 | 01/12/2000 | Α | Parkchester/Tremont | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 36 | Project Neptune DC Phase 1 | "Atlantic Energy, LLC" | 1200 | 01/21/2000 | R | "Rainey, Farragut, or W49th St" | CONED | N/A | 2004 |
| 37 | Kitchen | "Caithness Energy, LLC " | 750 | 01/28/2000 | Р | Riverh'd- Brookh'n- Holb'k | LIPA | Prelim filed 8/17/00 | 2002 |
| 38 | Far Rochaway Gen Ext. | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " | 79 | 02/01/2000 | Р | Far Rockaway | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 39 | E. F. Barrett Gen Ext | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " | 79 | 02/01/2000 | Р | Barrett | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 40 | Riverhead Gen Station | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " | 79 | 02/01/2000 | Α | Riverhead | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 41 | Southampton Gen Ext. | "KeySpan Energy, Inc. " | 79 | 02/01/2000 | Α | Southampton | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 42 | Holbrook Energy | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 02/01/2000 | Р | Holbrook LIPA (No Filing) | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 43 | PPL Kings Park | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 02/01/2000 | С | Pilgrim | LIPA | Prelim filed 12/20/00 | 2002 |
| 44 | Ruland Energy | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 02/01/2000 | Р | Ruland Road | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 45 | Freeport Energy | "PP& L Global, Inc." | 100 | 02/01/2000 | Р | Freeport | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 46 | Brookhaven Energy | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 02/03/2000 | Р | Brookhaven | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 47 | GenPower DC Tie- line | "GenPower, LLC " | 800 | 02/09/2000 | Α | West 49th Sreet | CONED | N/A | 2003 |
| 48 | PPL Kings Park Ext. | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 02/10/2000 | I | Pilgrim | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 49 | Brookhaven Energy Ext. | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 02/10/2000 | Р | Brookhaven | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 50 | AES Smithtown Gen | "AES Long Island, LLC " | 510 | 02/10/2000 | Р | LIPA System | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2004 |

Exhibit 6-2 Proposed Interconnection in NYISO (Continued)

| Site # | Project Name | Owner/Developer | Size (MW) | Date of Study Application | S | Interconnection Point | Utility | Status of Article X | Proposed In- Service |
|--------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 51 | Wading River Gen Ext. | "KeySpan Energy, Inc." | 150 | 02/15/2000 | Р | Wading River | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 52 | Fort Drum Gen Exp. | Nia Mo Energy/Black River Power | 50 | 03/06/2000 | Р | Fort Drum | NMPC | N/A | 2001 |
| 53 | "CT- Ruland, LI DC Tie " | "TransEnergie US, Ltd " | 300 | 03/07/2000 | Р | Ruland Road | LIPA | N/A | 2003 |
| 54 | "CT- Pilgrim, LI DC Tie " | "TransEnergie US, Ltd " | 300 | 03/07/2000 | Р | Pilgrim | LIPA | N/A | 2003 |
| 55 | Fenner Wind Energy Fac. | "Canastota Wind Power, LLC " | 50 | 03/14/2000 | С | Fenner- Whitman | NMPC | N/A | 2001 |
| 56 | Gotham Power - Brooklyn | 1st Rochdale Coop Group | 79 | 03/17/2000 | Р | Kent Ave | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 57 | Flat Rock Windpower | "Flat Rock Windpower, LLC" | 100 | 03/21/2000 | Р | Lowville- Boonville | NMPC | (No Filing) | 2001 |
| 58 | Lovett #3 Repowering | "Southern Energy Lovett, LLC" | 180 | 03/23/2000 | Р | Lovett | CONED | (No Filing) | 2004 |
| 59 | Hillburn Unit #2 | "Southern Energy NY Gen, LLC " | 79.9 | 03/23/2000 | Р | Hillburn | CONED | N/A | 2003 |
| 60 | Hillburn #2 Conversion | "Southern Energy NY Gen, LLC " | 40 | 03/23/2000 | Р | Hillburn | CONED | N/A | 2005 |
| 61 | Greenpoint Energy Park | "GTM Energy, LLC" | 0 | 04/19/2000 | W | Rainey- Farragut Lines | CONED | (No Filing) | N/A |
| 62 | Project Orange Project | "Orange Associates, LP " | 420 | 05/08/2000 | Р | Temple St. | NMPC | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 63 | LSA Station A | "Lewis Staley Associates, Inc. " | 650 | 05/11/2000 | Р | Homer City- Stolle Rd Line | NYSEG | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 64 | LSA Station B | "Lewis Staley Associates, Inc. " | 600 | 05/12/2000 | Р | Dunkirk- Gardenville Line | NMPC | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 65 | Lockport II Gen Station | "Fortistar Power Marketing, LLC " | 79.9 | 05/15/2000 | Α | Harrison Station | NYSEG | N/A | 2001 |
| 66 | Langlois Converter | TransEnergie HQ | 100 | 06/02/2000 | Α | "Langlois, Quebec" | NMPC | N/A | 2001 |
| 67 | Wallkill Energy | "Titan Development, LLC" | 1080 | 06/21/2000 | Р | Coop Corn- Rock Tav Lines | NYPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 68 | Ruland Energy Ext. | "PP& L Global, Inc. " | 300 | 06/23/2000 | Р | Ruland Road | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2003 |
| 69 | Empire State Newsprint | Besicorp/Empire State | 660 | 07/14/2000 | Α | Reynolds Road | NMPC | Prelim filed 11/22/00 | 2004 |
| 70 | Astoria Repowering- Phase 2 | Orion Power | 800 | 08/18/2000 | Α | Astoria | CONED | Prelim filed 9/5/00 | 2005 |
| 71 | Mill Creek Wind Plant | "Mill Creek Wind Plant, LLC " | 50 | 09/08/2000 | Р | Lowville | NMPC | N/A | 2001-02 |
| 72 | Island Generating Station | "Fortistar Power Marketing, LLC " | 79.9 | 09/08/2000 | Р | Fresh Kills | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 73 | Island Generating Station #2 | "Fortistar Power Marketing, LLC " | 500 | 09/08/2000 | Р | Fresh Kills | CONED | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 74 | Oceanside Energy Center | "FPL Energy, LLC " | 560 | 10/10/2000 | Р | Barrett | LIPA | (No Filing) | 2004 |

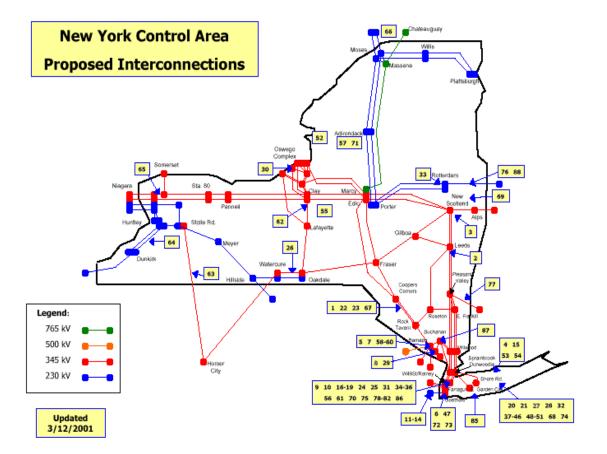
Exhibit 6-2 Proposed Interconnection in NYISO (Continued)

| Site # | Project Name | Owner/Developer | Size (MW) | Date of Study Application | S | Interconnection Point | Utility | Status of Article X | Proposed In- Service |
|-----------|---------------------------------|--|--------------|---------------------------------|---------|------------------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| 75 | Gotham Power - Bronx II | 1st Rochdale Coop Group | 79 | 10/17/2000 | Р | Hell Gate/Bruckner | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 76 | Waterford | "SkyGen Energy, LLC " | 530 | 10/30/2000 | R | NMPC 230 or 115 kV | NMPC | (No Filing) | 2004 |
| 77 | Dover Energy | "Titan Development, LLC" | 1000 | 11/17/2000 | Р | Pl. Valley- Long Mt. Tie- Line | CONED | (No Filing) | 2005 |
| 78 | Ravenswood Repowering Ph I | "KeySpan Ravenswood Services, LLC " | 440 | 12/04/2000 | Р | Vernon Substation | CONED | (No Filing) | 2005 |
| 79 | Harlem River Yards | NYPA | 79.9 | 12/05/2000 | С | Hell Gate Substation | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 80 | Hell Gate | NYPA | 79.9 | 12/05/2000 | С | Hell Gate Substation | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 81 | Vernon Blvd | NYPA 7 | 9.9 | 12/05/2000 | С | Vernon Substation | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 82 | N First St and Grand Ave | NYPA | 44 | 12/05/2000 | С | Vernon- Greenwood line | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 83 | 23rd St and 3rd Ave | NYPA | 79.9 | 12/05/2000 | C | Gowanus Substation | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 84 | Fox Hills | NYPA | 44 | 12/05/2000 | С | Fox Hills Substation | CONED | N/A | 2001 |
| 85 | Brentwood | NYPA | 44 | 12/05/2000 | N/ A | Brentwood 69 kV | LIPA | N/A | 2001 |
| 86 | NRG Astoria | NRG | 79.9 | 01/15/2001 | Α | Astoria | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 87 | Buchanan Energy | "Titan Development, LLC | 500 | 02/26/2001 | Р | Buchanan | CONED | (No Filing) | 2005 |
| 88 | Halfmoon Energy | "Titan Development, LLC | 500 | 02/26/2001 | Р | Rotterdam- Bear Swamp line | NMPC) | (No Filing) | 2005 |
| 89 | Project Neptune DC Phase 2 | "Atlantic Energy, LLC" | 1200 | 03/15/2001 | Α | "Rainey, Farragut, or W49th St" | CONED | N/A | 2003 |
| 90 | Fortistar VP | "Fortistar, LLC " | 80 | 03/20/2001 | Р | Fresh Kills | CONED | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 90 | Fortistar VAN | "Fortistar, LLC " | 80 | 03/20/2001 | Р | Goethals/Fresh Kills | CONED | (No Filing) | 2002 |
| 92 | Indian Point Energy Center | Entergy Power Generation Corp. | 300 | 04/10/2001 | Р | Buchanan | CONED | (No Filing) | 2004 |
| 93 | Brooklyn Terminal | Amerada Hess Corp. | 79.9 | 05/01/2001 | Р | ConEd 138 kV (tbd) | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 94 | PSEG Power In- City Project | "PSEG Power Development, LLC " | 2500 | 05/11/2001 | Р | W49th Street | CONED | N/A | 2003- 4 |
| 95 | Project Neptune DC Phase 2A | "Atlantic Energy, LLC " | 750 | 05/22/2001 | Α | Newbridge Road | LIPA | N/A | 2003 |
| 96 | Glenwood Gas Plant | KeySpan Energy Development Corp. | 79.9 | 05/22/2001 | N/ A | Glenwood 69 kV | LIPA | N/A | 2002 |
| 97 | "C3T, Inc. (JFK Expansion) " | Calpine Eastern Corporation | 45 | 05/29/2001 | A | Jamaica | CONED | N/A | 2002 |
| 98 | South Glens Falls Expansion | NYSEG Solutions | 40 | 06/15/2001 | Р | Mohican- Butler# 18 line | NMPC | N/A | 2002 |
| 99 | PJM- New York City HVDC | TransEnergie US Ltd. | 990 | 06/22/2001 | Р | W49th St and/or Farragut | CONED | N/A | 2003 |
| 100 | Rock Tavern Transformer | Central Hudson Gas & | N/A | 06/28/2001 | Р | Rock Tavern | CHG& E | N/A | 2002 |

Exhibit 6-2 Proposed Interconnection in NYISO (Continued)

| Site # | Project Name | Owner/Developer | Size (MW) | Date of Study Application | S | Interconnection Point | Utility | Status of Article X | Proposed In- Service |
|-----------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------------|---|--------------------------|---------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Electric | | | | | | | |
| 101 | Blooming Grover Power | "Titan Development, LLC | 500 | 07/02/2001 | Р | Rock Tavern- Ramapo line | CONED | (No Filing) | 2005 |
| | | | 38,551" | | | | | | |

Exhibit 6-3 NYCA Proposed Interconnections



7. NYISO Demand, Energy, and Fuel Price Projections

This section describes NYISO's assessment about how the region's load is projected over the next 10 years. This projection is based on the current planning reported by NYISO. These NYISO data are assessed, and used as the basis for the region's forecast which will be utilized by the GEMSET team. This section covers the following subjects:

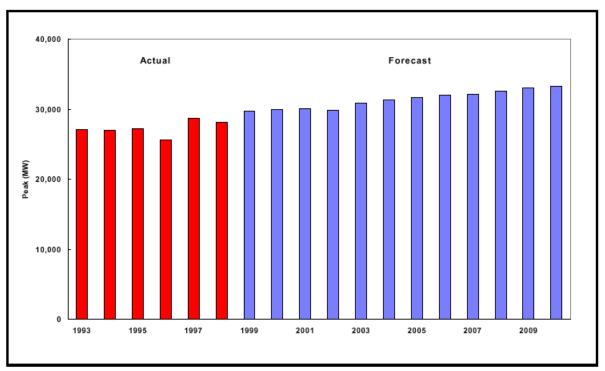
- Section 7.1 gives NYISO demand and energy growth projections for the region, beginning on page 7-59.
- Section 7.2, beginning on page 7-63, documents NYISO's historical and forecast fuel prices for generation.

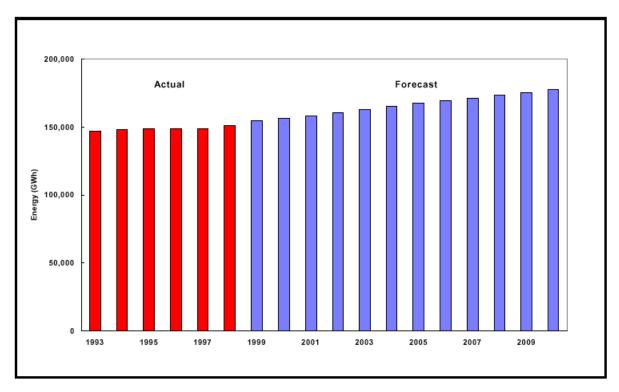
7.1 Demand and Energy Growth Projection

The long term forecast using the forecast models described in this report produce an energy system with peaks growing at 1.15% annually and total energy consumption growing at 1.4%annually. The forecast models have two main sets of drivers: weather and trends. The weather drivers are based on the 1991 actual weather data for the state of New York obtained from Weather Bank Inc. (Weather Bank). This year represents a peak weather year and is used for system design. The trend driver is based on long-term economic forecasts, which include the number of households, electric heating and cooling saturation and efficiencies, and manufacturing and non-manufacturing employment. The economic drivers were provided by RFA for 1999 through 2010.

The model results show the system peak growing from 29,736 MW in 1999 to 33,347 MW in 2010. Associated energy demand is growing from 154,500 GWh in 1999 to 177,619 GWh in 2010. Exhibit 7-1 shows these growth trends in both demand and energy.

Exhibit 7-1
NYISO Demand & Energy Forecast





A distinguishing feature of the forecast is the changing shape of the New York system load. Through time, the summer peaks are growing faster than winter peaks. This change is captured in Exhibit 7-2, which shows the July peak growing at 1.15% and the December peak growing at 1.0%.

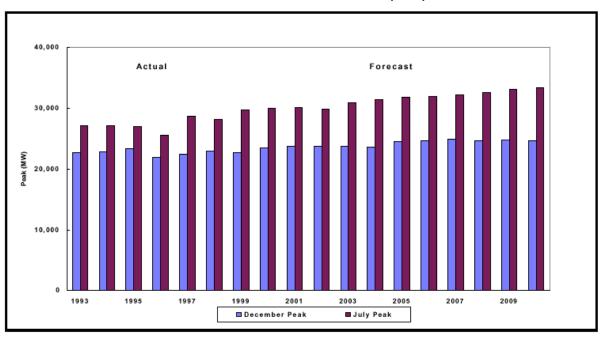


Exhibit 7-2
Summer & Winter Peaks (MW)

Similar to Exhibit 7-2, Exhibit 7-3 also shows increasing summer energy consumption relative to winter energy consumption. In 1996, the December consumption was approximately 95% of the July consumption. By 2010, the December consumption drops to 83% of the July consumption.

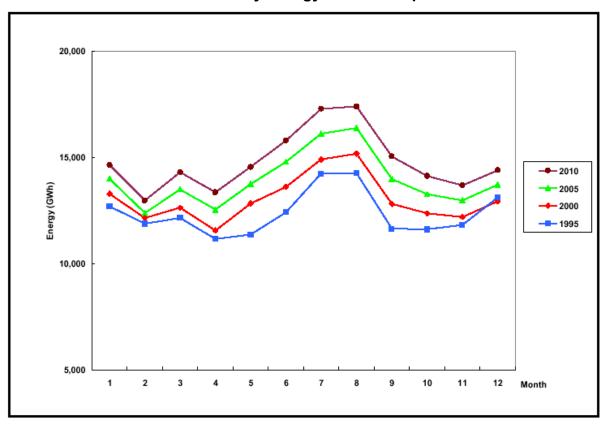


Exhibit 7-3
Monthly Energy Relationships

Overall, NYISO expects to experience an increase in required capacity of about 3,600 MW over the next 10 years. This represents an increase of almost 20 percent over that time period. When retirements are taken into consideration, NYISO estimates that almost 6,000 MW of new capacity will be required through 2010.

7.1.1 Baseload Demand Projections

With the projections provided by NYISO from their planning departments, it is apparent that little diversity is expected in their load characteristics between now and 2010. Annual and monthly load factors remained relatively constant over the time period of their analysis. Therefore, based on the projections provided, baseload requirements will only increase by approximately 4,000 MW through year 2010. It is expected that this baseload generation will be provided by the more than 30,000 MW currently in the NYISO queue.

7.1.2 Peaking Demand Projections

With the peak load increasing almost 3,600 MW in the next 10 years, NYISO's actual peak load generation requirements will likely increase by about 3,000 MW to almost 9,000 MW from today's 6,000 MW level. NYISO expects all of that new generation will be supplied by combustion turbines fueled by natural gas.

7.2 Fuels Forecast for the NYISO Region



This section discusses the fuel prices that existed in the region and describes the forecast expectations for the region. Region 2 is made up of the following states as reported by FERC: Pennsylvania, New York, and New Jersey. All data is contained in tables available in the Fuels Characterization prepared by the GEMSET team.¹

7.2.1 Natural Gas Prices

The delivered natural gas price to generating company owners in the region are reported on FERC Form 423. Recent gas price historical and projected data for the region are shown in Exhibit 7-4. This data is reported on a monthly basis with a six month lag in the reports.

Exhibit 7-4
GEMSET Baseline Natural Gas Price Projection for the Mid-Atlantic Region in
Current Year U.S. Dollars Compared to the Data Sources Used for the Projections

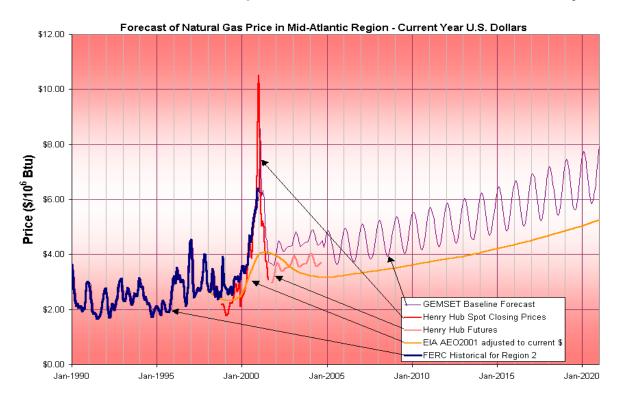
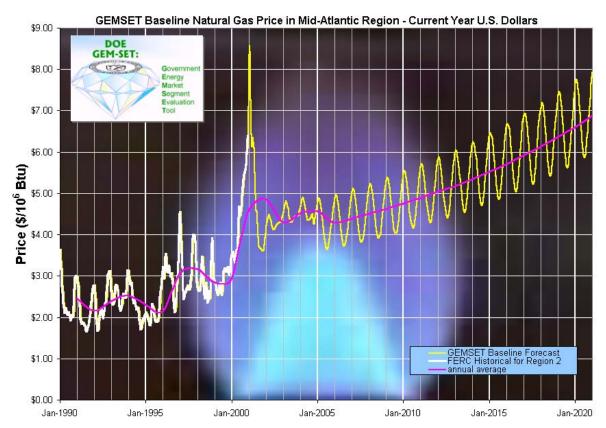


Exhibit 7-5
GEMSET Baseline Natural Gas Price Projection for the Mid-Atlantic Region in Current Year U.S. Dollars

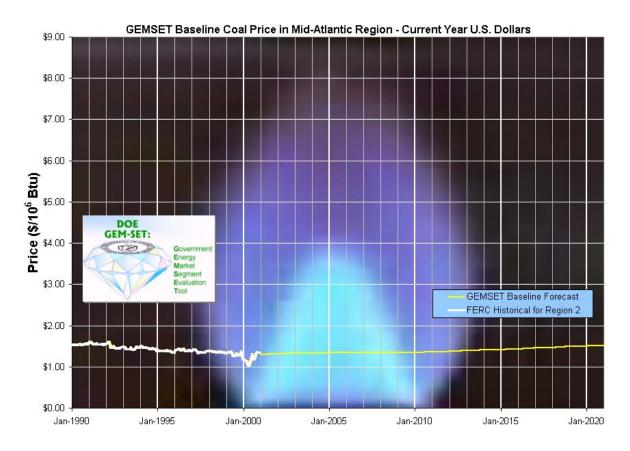


Periodically, these data will be revised to reflect changes in actual prices, and to adjust the forecasts to gas futures market changes, and changes in the NEMS economic modeling.

7.2.2 Coal Price in Mid-Atlantic Region

The Historical coal price in the Mid-Atlantic Region has been stable over the last few years, averaging between \$1.25-1.35 / 10⁶ Btu. This price is expected to continue for the short term, but rising slightly in the long-term. Exhibit 7-6 shows the historical and projected prices for coal.

Exhibit 7-6
GEMSET Baseline Coal Price Projection for the Mid-Atlantic Region in Current
Year U.S. Dollars



7.2.3 Oil Prices in the Mid-Atlantic Region

The Exhibits below indicate the historical and projected prices for #2 and #6 fuel oil in the region. As with all of the regions, there are individual ratios developed for each fuel based on the historical relationship on a national basis versus the regional prices. Those ratios are presented in the analysis itself.

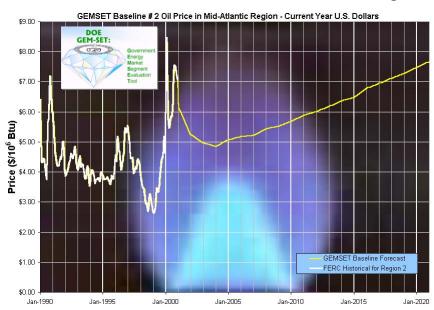
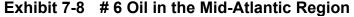
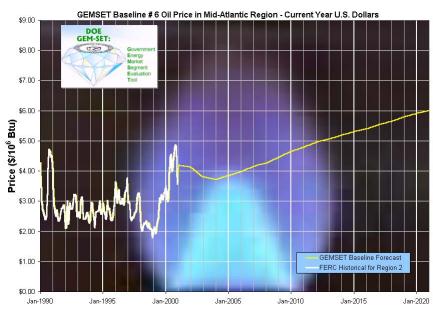


Exhibit 7-7 # 2 Oil Price in the Mid-Atlantic Region





8. References

The references used to prepare this report include the following:

¹ Weinstein, R.E., Herman, A.A., and Lowe, J.J. <u>GEMSET Assessment: Fuels Characterization</u>. Parsons Report No. EJ-2001-06. Draft. August 23, 2001.